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RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

[on the report of the Third Committee (A/48/632/Add.3)]

48/152. <u>Situation of human rights in Afghanistan</u>

The General Assembly,

<u>Guided</u> by the principles embodied in the Charter of the United Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights $\underline{1}/$ and the International Covenants on Human Rights $\underline{2}/$ and accepted humanitarian rules, as set out in the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 $\underline{3}/$ and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977, $\underline{4}/$

<u>Aware</u> of its responsibility to promote and encourage respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all and resolved to remain vigilant with regard to violations of human rights wherever they occur,

<u>Reaffirming</u> that all Member States have an obligation to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms and to fulfil the obligations they have freely undertaken under the various international instruments,

<u>Recalling</u> Economic and Social Council resolution 1984/37 of 24 May 1984, in which the Council requested the Chairman of the Commission on Human Rights to appoint a special rapporteur to examine the situation of human rights in

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^{1/} Resolution 217 A (III).

^{2/} Resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

^{3/} United Nations, <u>Treaty Series</u>, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

^{4/} Ibid., vol. 1125, Nos. 17512 and 17513.

Afghanistan, with a view to formulating proposals that could contribute to ensuring full protection of the human rights of the inhabitants of the country before, during and after the withdrawal of all foreign forces,

Recalling also its resolution 47/141 of 18 December 1992 and all its other relevant resolutions, as well as the resolutions of the Commission on Human Rights and the decisions of the Economic and Social Council,

 $\underline{\text{Taking note}}$, in particular, of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1993/66 of 10 March 1993, $\underline{5}$ / in which the Commission decided to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan for one year and to request him to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, and of Economic and Social Council decision 1993/275 of 28 July 1993, in which the Council approved the Commission's decision,

 $\underline{\text{Noting}}$ that, following the demise of the former Afghan Government, a transitional Islamic State of Afghanistan was established, $\underline{6}/$

<u>Noting with deep concern</u> that in spite of the efforts and initiatives taken by the Government of Afghanistan towards ensuring complete peace and stability, a situation of armed confrontation, affecting mainly the civilian population, which is still the target of indiscriminate military attacks by rival groups, continues to exist in parts of the territory of Afghanistan, and in particular in Kabul, and has also caused a dramatic rise in the number of persons displaced inside the country,

<u>Concerned</u> that the prevailing situation in the country as regards the political and legal order is affecting the security of members of all ethnic and religious groups, including minorities,

<u>Noting with concern</u> reports of violations of rights enshrined in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, $\underline{2}$ / such as the right to life, liberty and security of person and to freedom of opinion, expression and association,

<u>Deeply concerned</u> about the violation of the human rights of women by warring factions in Afghanistan, and about the lack of respect towards them and their honour, physical integrity and dignity, as reported by the Special Rapporteur,

<u>Concerned</u> at reports of detainees who are being held for political reasons by rival groups, in particular in prisons run by political parties, among whom are several members of the former Government,

Noting that much remains to be done for the treatment of prisoners to be in conformity with the provisions of the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977,

 $[\]underline{5}/$ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1993, Supplement No. 3 (E/1993/23), chap. II, sect. A.

^{6/} See A/47/656, annex, appendix I.

<u>Deeply concerned</u> that the repatriation of Afghan refugees has dramatically declined in 1993, owing to the prevailing situation in Afghanistan, and expressing the hope that conditions in the country will allow those still in exile to return as soon as possible,

<u>Aware</u> that peace and security in Afghanistan are prerequisites for the successful repatriation of about four million refugees, in particular the achievement of a comprehensive political solution and the establishment of a freely and democratically elected government, the end of armed confrontation in Kabul and in some provinces, the clearance of the minefields that have been laid in many parts of the country, the restoration of an effective authority in the whole country and the reconstruction of the economy,

Affirming that the declaration of general amnesty issued by the Islamic State of Afghanistan should be applied in a strictly non-discriminatory manner and that prisoners detained by rival groups without trial on Afghan territory should be released unconditionally,

<u>Commending</u> the activity carried out by the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the International Committee of the Red Cross in cooperation with the Afghan authorities, as well as non-governmental organizations, in favour of the people of Afghanistan,

Taking note with appreciation of the report of the Special Rapporteur 7/ and of the conclusions and recommendations contained therein,

<u>Welcoming</u> the fact that the Special Rapporteur was able to visit the capital of Afghanistan, Kabul,

- 1. <u>Welcomes</u> the cooperation that authorities in Afghanistan have extended to the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, in view of the circumstances prevailing in the country;
- 2. <u>Also welcomes</u> the cooperation that the authorities in Afghanistan have extended, in particular to the Coordinator for Humanitarian and Economic Assistance Programmes Relating to Afghanistan and to international organizations, such as the specialized agencies, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the International Committee of the Red Cross;
- 3. <u>Urges</u> all the Afghan parties to undertake, where appropriate under the auspices of the United Nations, all possible efforts in order to achieve a comprehensive political solution, which is the only way to bring about peace and the full restoration of human rights in Afghanistan, based on the free exercise of the right to self-determination by the people, including free and genuine elections, the cessation of armed confrontation and the creation of conditions that will permit the free return, as soon as possible, of about four million refugees to their homeland in safety and dignity, whenever they wish, and the full enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms by all Afghans;

^{7/} A/48/584, annex.

- 4. <u>Welcomes</u> all the efforts towards reaching a comprehensive, peaceful political solution to the conflict in Afghanistan;
- 5. <u>Urges</u> all the parties to carry out, as soon as possible, a disarmament process which constitutes a prerequisite of a solution to the conflict, as decided also in the Afghan Peace Accord signed by the Afghan parties at Islamabad on 7 March 1993; 8/
- 6. <u>Invites</u> the United Nations to offer, upon the request of the Government of Afghanistan and with due regard to the Afghan tradition, advisory services and technical assistance concerning the drafting of a Constitution, which should embody internationally accepted human rights principles, and the holding of direct elections;
- 7. <u>Recognizes</u> that the promotion and protection of human rights should be an essential element in the achievement of a comprehensive solution to the crisis in Afghanistan, and calls upon all the Afghan parties to respect human rights;
- 8. <u>Urges</u> all the Afghan parties to respect accepted humanitarian rules, as set out in the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 and the Additional Protocols thereto, of 1977, to halt the use of weapons against the civilian population, to protect all civilians from acts of reprisal and violence, including ill-treatment, torture and summary executions, and to expedite the simultaneous release of prisoners wherever they may be held;
- 9. <u>Strongly urges</u> all Afghan parties to ensure respect for the human rights and fundamental freedoms of women, so that their honour and dignity would be ensured in accordance with the provisions of international human rights instruments and humanitarian law;
- 10. <u>Calls upon</u> all States and parties concerned to make all efforts for the realization of its decision 47/428 of 16 December 1992 entitled "Prisoners of war and persons missing as a result of war in Afghanistan", and calls upon them to make all efforts for the immediate release of all prisoners of war, and in particular of former Soviet prisoners of war, as provided for under article 118 of the Geneva Convention relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War, of 12 August 1949, 9/2 considering that the hostilities in which the former Soviet Union was involved have legally and effectively ended, and also in particular for the tracing of the many Afghans still missing as a result of the war;
- 11. $\underline{\text{Urges}}$ the unconditional release of all prisoners detained without trial on the Afghan territory by rival groups, and calls for the abolition of prisons run by political parties;

^{8/} S/25435, annex I.

^{9/} United Nations, <u>Treaty Series</u>, vol. 75, No. 972.

- 12. <u>Calls upon</u> the authorities in Afghanistan to investigate thoroughly the fate of those persons who have disappeared during the conflict, to apply amnesty decrees equally to all detainees, to reduce the period during which prisoners await trial, to treat all prisoners, especially those awaiting trial or those in custody in juvenile rehabilitation centres, in accordance with the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners, $\underline{10}$ / adopted by the First United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, and to apply to all suspected or convicted persons article 14, paragraphs 3 (\underline{d}) and 5 to 7, of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights; 2/
- 13. <u>Appeals</u> to all Member States to provide adequate humanitarian assistance to Afghanistan to contribute to the alleviation of the suffering of refugees and especially to the improvement of the living conditions of women and children;
- 14. <u>Urgently appeals</u> to all Member States and humanitarian organizations to continue to promote the implementation of the projects envisaged by the Coordinator for Humanitarian and Economic Assistance Programmes Relating to Afghanistan and the programmes of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, especially the pilot projects for the repatriation of refugees;
- 15. <u>Reiterates its appeal</u> to all Member States, humanitarian organizations and all parties concerned to cooperate fully on the question of mine detection and clearance, in order to facilitate the return of refugees and displaced persons to their homes in safety and dignity;
- 16. <u>Strongly urges</u> all the parties to the conflict to undertake all necessary measures to ensure the safety of the personnel of humanitarian organizations involved in the implementation of the United Nations humanitarian and economic assistance programmes relating to Afghanistan and the programmes of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, in order to avoid further deplorable incidents such as those which have caused loss of life among that personnel;
- 17. <u>Invites</u> the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, once the situation is back to normal and upon the invitation of the Afghan Government, to study the situation of the Kabul Museum and of the national archives and to take proper action to preserve the Afghan cultural heritage;
- 18. $\underline{\text{Recommends}}$ the translation of the report of the Special Rapporteur into the dari and pashtu languages;
- 19. <u>Urges</u> the authorities in Afghanistan to continue to extend their full cooperation to the Commission on Human Rights and its Special Rapporteur;

 $[\]underline{10}$ / See <u>Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments</u> (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.88.XIV.1).

- 20. $\underline{\text{Requests}}$ the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur;
- 21. <u>Decides</u> to keep under consideration during its forty-ninth session the situation of human rights in Afghanistan, in the light of additional elements provided by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council.

85th plenary meeting 20 December 1993