

Question of human rights and fundamental freedoms in Afghanistan

74. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 14, entitled "Question of human rights and fundamental freedoms in Afghanistan".

75. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XIV). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/149.

Situation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in El Salvador

76. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 15, entitled "Situation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in El Salvador".

77. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XV). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/150.

Situation in Equatorial Guinea

78. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 16, entitled "Situation in Equatorial Guinea".

79. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XVI). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/151.

Assistance to Haiti in the field of human rights

80. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 17, entitled "Assistance to Haiti in the field of human rights".

81. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XVII). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/152.

Assistance to Guatemala in the field of human rights

82. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 18, entitled "Assistance to Guatemala in the field of human rights".

83. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XVIII). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/153.

Human rights situation in Romania

84. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 19, entitled "Human rights situation in Romania", by a recorded vote of 21 to 7, with 18 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Canada, Colombia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Saudi Arabia, Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia.

Against: China, Cuba, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Nicaragua, Somalia, Sri Lanka.

Abstaining: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Iraq, Jordan, Lesotho, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Sudan, Thailand, Zaire, Zambia.

85. Before the draft decision was adopted, statements were made by the representative of Zaire and the observer for Romania.

86. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XIX) by a recorded vote of 19 to 7, with 19 abstentions. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/154. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Canada, Colombia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia.

Against: China, Cuba, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Nicaragua, Somalia, Sri Lanka.

Abstaining: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Sudan, Thailand, Zaire, Zambia.

87. Before the draft decision was adopted, the observer for Romania made a statement (see E/1989/SR.16).

Organization of the work of the Commission on Human Rights

88. At its 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the Committee adopted draft decision 20, entitled "Organization of the work of the forty-sixth session of the Commission on Human Rights".

89. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XX). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/155.

90. After the draft decision was adopted, the representative of Japan made a statement (see E/1989/SR.16).

91. After draft resolutions and draft decisions were adopted, the representative of Japan made a statement relating to several draft decisions (see E/1989/SR.16).

Other proposals

Right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation

92. At the 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the representative of Thailand, on behalf of Belgium, 6/ Belize, Brunei Darussalam, 6/ Cameroon, Colombia, Costa Rica, 6/ Denmark, Fiji, 6/ France, the Gambia, 6/ the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Guatemala, 6/ Haiti, 6/ Honduras, 6/ Iceland, 6/ Japan, Luxembourg, 6/ Malaysia, 6/ Morocco, 6/ Nepal, 6/ Norway, Oman, Pakistan, 6/ Papua New Guinea, 6/ the Philippines, 6/ Saint Lucia, 6/ Senegal, 6/ Sierra Leone, 6/ Singapore, 6/ Somalia, Spain, 6/ the Sudan, Thailand, Turkey, 6/ the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay and Zaire, introduced a draft decision (E/1989/C.2/L.18) entitled "Right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation". Subsequently, Djibouti 6/ joined in sponsoring the draft decision.

93. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision by a recorded vote of 42 to 8, with 4 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, China, Colombia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Norway, Oman, Portugal, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Bulgaria, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, India, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Abstaining: Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, 7/ Nicaragua.

94. After the draft decision was adopted, the representative of the United States of America made a statement.

95. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 60, draft decision XXI) by a recorded vote of 43 to 7, with 2 abstentions. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/156. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, China, Colombia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Norway, Oman.

6/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

7/ The delegation of Jordan subsequently indicated that its vote on the draft resolution should have been recorded as being in favour and not as an abstention.

Portugal, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Bulgaria, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Nicaragua, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Abstaining: Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

96. Before the draft decision was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of Canada and Thailand and the observers for Democratic Kampuchea, Viet Nam and Costa Rica (see E/1989/SR.16).

International Covenants on Human Rights

97. At the 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the observer for the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, 6/ on behalf of Australia, 6/ Bulgaria, the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, 6/ Czechoslovakia, Denmark, the German Democratic Republic, 6/ Hungary, 6/ Italy, Mongolia, 6/ Norway, Poland, Portugal, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.19) entitled "International Covenants on Human Rights".

98. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

99. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, following a statement by the Secretary of the Council, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 59, draft resolution IX). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/81.

Infringements of trade union rights in South Africa

100. At the 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the observer for Burkina Faso, 6/ on behalf of the African States, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.20) entitled "Infringements of trade union rights in South Africa".

101. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

102. At the 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the representative of Lesotho proposed to amend operative paragraph 9 of the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/88, para. 59, draft resolution X), by replacing the words "to ensure that the South African régime refer the complaint" by the words "to ensure referral of the complaint".

103. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution, as orally amended. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/82.

Report of the Commission on Human Rights

104. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, on the proposal of the President, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on Human Rights on its forty-fifth session (E/1989/20). See Council decision 1989/157.

Provisional rules of procedure adopted by the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

105. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, on the proposal of the President, the Council decided to defer until its first regular session of 1990 consideration of the provisional rules of procedure adopted by the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights at its third session (E/1989/L.9, annex IV). See Council decision 1989/158.

Pre-sessional working group of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

106. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council was informed that no action had been taken by the Second (Social) Committee on the recommendation contained in paragraph 338 of the report of the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (E/1989/L.9) regarding a pre-sessional working group of the Committee.

B. WOMEN

107. The Council considered the question of women at its first regular session (agenda item 10). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on its eighth session (A/44/38); 8/

(b) Report of the Secretary-General on the preparation of a system-wide medium-term plan for the advancement of women for 1996-2001 (E/1989/9);

(c) Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its thirty-third session (E/1989/27); 9/

(d) Report of the Board of Trustees of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women on its ninth session (E/1989/46);

(e) Note by the Secretary-General on national experience relating to the situation of women in rural areas (E/1989/70);

(f) Note by the Secretariat transmitting draft resolution XIII, entitled "Enlargement of the Commission on the Status of Women", recommended by the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-second session, and the amendments proposed thereto (E/1989/C.2/L.1);

(g) Statement submitted by the International Federation of Women Lawyers, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, category II (E/1989/NGO/3).

108. The Council allocated the item to the Second (Social) Committee, which considered it at its 11th to 14th, 16th, 19th, 20th and 23rd meetings, from 10 to 12 May and from 16 to 19 May 1989.

109. At its 11th to 14th meetings, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 11th meeting, on 10 May, the Committee heard introductory statements by the Director of the Division for the Advancement of Women of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat and by the Director of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women.

110. Also at the 11th meeting, statements were made by the observers for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), the Dominican Republic and Egypt. The observer for the Commission of the European Communities also made a statement. The observer for the International Organization of Consumers Unions, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council, category I, made a statement.

8/ For the final report, see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 38.

9/ For the final report, see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1989, Supplement No. 9 (E/1989/27/Rev.1).

111. At the 12th meeting, on 11 May, statements were made by the representatives of Czechoslovakia, India and New Zealand and the observer for Mexico. A statement was also made by the observer for the Republic of Korea. The representative of the World Bank made a statement. Statements were made by the observers for the International Council of Women, the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions and the Women's International Democratic Federation, non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Council, category I.

112. At the 13th meeting, on 11 May, statements were made by the representatives of Poland, Tunisia, China, Denmark (on behalf of the Nordic countries), Sri Lanka, Kenya, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the Bahamas, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Japan, Jordan and Indonesia and the observers for the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic and Pakistan.

113. At the 14th meeting, on 12 May, statements were made by the representatives of Greece, the United States of America, Bulgaria, Canada, Cuba, Yugoslavia, Nicaragua, France, Uruguay, Venezuela, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Oman and Cameroon and the observers for the Philippines, Bangladesh, Chile and Costa Rica.

Recommendation contained in the report of the Commission
on the Status of Women on its thirty-second session

Enlargement of the Commission on the Status of Women

114. By decision 1988/125 of 27 May 1988, the Council had decided to take action at its first regular session of 1989 on draft resolution XIII, entitled "Enlargement of the Commission on the Status of Women", which had been recommended by the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-second session, and the amendments proposed thereto, contained in document E/1988/C.2/L.2. The resolution, which was circulated in document E/1989/C.2/L.1, read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling its resolution 1987/23 of 26 May 1987, in which it accepted, in principle, the enlargement of the Commission on the Status of Women and decided that the Commission, at its thirty-second session, should discuss and submit proposals to this end to the Council at its first regular session of 1988,

"Bearing in mind that the membership in the United Nations has increased from 120 Member States in 1966 to 159 Member States and that the Commission has not been enlarged proportionately,

"Considering that issues related to women have grown in complexity and in number, particularly in the developing world,

"1. Decides to increase the membership of the Commission on the Status of Women from thirty-two to forty-three members;

"2. Also decides that the allocation of seats should be in accordance with that of the Commission on Human Rights; 10/

"3. Further decides that the enlargement of the Commission shall take effect from the beginning of 1989;

"4. Also decides to fill the additional seats resulting from the enlargement when the elections are held in 1988 to fill the vacancies in the Commission."

115. The following amendments (E/1988/C.2/L.2) to the draft resolution had been proposed by the observer for Tunisia, 11/ on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, and were also circulated in document E/1989/C.2/L.1:

(a) In operative paragraph 2, the words "that of the Commission on Human Rights" would be replaced by the words "the principle of equitable geographical distribution";

(b) In operative paragraph 3, the words "from the beginning of 1989" would be replaced by the words "not later than the beginning of 1990";

(c) Operative paragraph 4 would be deleted.

116. Also in decision 1988/125, the Council had invited the Commission on the Status of Women to offer its views on the question in the light of the considerations set forth in that decision. The Commission considered the question at its thirty-third session but made no recommendation (see E/1989/27, chap. VII, sect. G).

117. At its 11th meeting, on 10 May, the Second (Social) Committee had before it the draft resolution and the amendments proposed thereto.

118. At the same meeting, the observer for Malaysia, 11/ on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, introduced a

10/ The Commission on Human Rights consists of one representative from each of 43 States Members of the United Nations elected by the Council on the basis of an equitable geographical distribution according to the following pattern:

- (a) Eleven members from African States;
- (b) Nine members from Asian States;
- (c) Eight members from Latin American States;
- (d) Ten members from Western European and other States;
- (e) Five members from socialist States of Eastern Europe.

11/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.5) entitled "Enlargement of the Commission on the Status of Women", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling its resolution 1987/23 of 26 May 1987 by which the Council accepted in principle the need for an increase in the membership of the Commission on the Status of Women and decided that the Commission at its thirty-second session should discuss and submit proposals to this end to the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1988,

"Bearing in mind the increase in membership of the United Nations from 120 Member States in 1966 to 159 Member States in 1988, which provides the basis for a proportionate enlargement of the Commission taking into consideration the principle of equitable geographical distribution for the allocation of seats,

"Recalling Economic and Social Council decision 1988/125 of 27 May 1988 in which the Council requested the Commission's views on the issue of the enlargement of the Commission,

"Taking note of the discussions that were held on this matter by the Commission at its thirty-third session,

"Considering that issues related to women have intensified in complexity and grown in number, particularly in the developing countries,

"Recalling that the Commission should hold in 1990 a session of extended duration to review and appraise progress in the implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women,

"1. Decides that the membership of the Commission should be increased to forty-five and that the seats should be allocated strictly on the basis of the principle of equitable geographical distribution;

"2. Decides that the expansion of the Commission should take effect from the beginning of 1990 before the convening of the extended session of the Commission to review and appraise progress in the implementation of the Forward-looking Strategies;

"3. Further decides that the additional seats resulting from the increase in the membership of the Commission on the Status of Women should be filled in conjunction with the election to fill the vacancies in the Commission, which will take place in 1990."

119. In introducing the draft resolution, the observer for Malaysia orally revised operative paragraph 3 by replacing the words "in conjunction with the election to fill the vacancies in the Commission, which will take place in 1990" by the words "during the organizational session of the Council for 1990".

120. A statement of the programme budget implications of the draft resolution, submitted by the Secretary-General in accordance with rule 31 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council, was circulated in document E/1989/C.2/L.12.

121. At the 20th meeting, on 18 May, the observer for Malaysia 11/ introduced a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1), in which operative paragraph 1, which had read:

"1. Decides that the membership of the Commission should be increased to forty-five and that the seats should be allocated strictly on the basis of the principle of equitable geographical distribution",

was replaced by the following text:

"1. Decides that the membership of the Commission should be increased to forty-five and that the seats should be allocated on the basis of the principle of equitable geographical distribution according to the following pattern:

- (a) Thirteen members from African States;
- (b) Eleven members from Asian States;
- (c) Four members from Eastern European States;
- (d) Nine members from Latin American and Caribbean States;
- (e) Eight members from Western European and other States".

122. The Committee was informed that the programme budget implications contained in document E/1989/C.2/L.12 also applied to the revised draft resolution.

123. At the 23rd meeting, on 19 May, the representative of Poland, on behalf of Bulgaria, the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, 11/ Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, 11/ Poland, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, introduced amendments (E/1989/C.2/L.21) to the revised draft resolution. The amendments were the following:

- (a) The second preambular paragraph, which read:

"Bearing in mind the increase in membership of the United Nations from 120 Member States in 1966 to 159 Member States in 1988, which provides the basis for a proportionate enlargement of the Commission, and taking into consideration the principle of equitable geographical distribution for the allocation of seats",

would be deleted, and a new preambular paragraph would be inserted before the last preambular paragraph, reading:

"Taking into consideration the principle of equitable geographical distribution and the interests of all regional groups for the allocation of seats";

- (b) Operative paragraph 1 (see para. 121 above) would be replaced by the following text:

"1. Decides that the membership of the Commission should be increased to forty-two and that the seats should be allocated according to the following pattern:

"(a) Ten members from African States;

"(b) Eight members from Asian States;

"(c) Five members from Eastern European States;

"(d) Eight members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

"(e) Nine members from Western European and other States;

"(f) Two seats for the African, Asian, and Latin American and Caribbean Groups, to be filled on a rotation basis".

124. At the same meeting, the representative of Colombia made a statement in which he moved, under rule 67 of the rules of procedure of the Council, that action be taken first on draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1.

125. The representative of Greece, on behalf of the Western European and other States, made a statement in which she moved, under rule 49, that the meeting be suspended.

126. Following a statement by the Chairman, the Committee voted on the motion to suspend the meeting, which was rejected by a recorded vote of 33 to 19, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Abstaining: None.

127. Following a statement by the Chairman, the Committee voted on the motion to take action first on draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1. The motion was carried by a recorded vote of 34 to 15, with 3 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

128. At the same meeting, the representative of India made a statement in which she requested a vote on the amendments contained in document E/1989/C.2/L.21 (see para. 123 above).

129. The Committee then proceeded to vote on the amendments as follows:

(a) The first amendment (see para. 123 (a) above) was rejected by a recorded vote of 33 to 19, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Abstaining: None.

(b) The second amendment (see para. 123 (b) above) was rejected by a recorded vote of 34 to 18, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, ^{12/} Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad

^{12/} The delegation of Bulgaria subsequently indicated that its vote on the second amendment should have been recorded as being in favour and not against.

and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Abstaining: None.

130. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the Netherlands and New Zealand and the observer for Sweden in connection with draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1. The representative of the Federal Republic of Germany also made a statement and requested a recorded vote on the revised draft resolution.

131. Statements were made by the representatives of Greece, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Norway (on behalf also of Denmark) and the observer for Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77).

132. Statements were made by the representatives of India and Cameroon.

133. The representative of India moved the adjournment of the debate, under rule 50 of the rules of procedure of the Council. The representatives of Guinea and Kenya favoured the motion, and the representatives of the Netherlands and Czechoslovakia opposed the motion.

134. The motion was carried by a recorded vote of 33 to 19, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: None.

135. The representative of Greece moved the suspension of the meeting for 15 minutes under rule 49 of the rules of procedure of the Council.

136. Following a statement by the Chairman, the Committee rejected the motion by a recorded vote of 32 to 19, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Against: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Abstaining: None.

137. The representative of India requested a vote on draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1. The representatives of the Netherlands, Guinea, India, Yugoslavia and Ireland spoke on points of order. The Chairman ruled that the vote would commence on draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1.

138. The revised draft resolution was then adopted by a recorded vote of 34 to 19, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: None.

139. After the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America, China, Poland (on behalf also of Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics), Canada, Japan, Ireland and Italy.

140. In the light of the adoption of draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.5/Rev.1, no action was required on draft resolution XIII recommended by the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-second session and the amendments proposed thereto.

141. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90/Add.1, para. 27) by a recorded vote of 35 to 19, with no abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/45. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: None.

142. Before the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of Canada (on behalf also of Australia and New Zealand), Norway (on behalf also of Denmark, Finland, Iceland and Sweden), Poland (on behalf also of Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics), India, Indonesia, Cameroon, Colombia, Cuba, Japan, Kenya, the Sudan and Iraq and the observers for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77), Mexico, Egypt and Zimbabwe; after the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of the United States of America and China (see E/1989/SR.15).

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission
on the Status of Women on its thirty-third session

143. Chapter I of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its thirty-third session (E/1989/27) contained 15 draft resolutions and two draft decisions recommended for adoption by the Council. It also contained a resolution of the Commission that was brought to the attention of the Council.

Improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat

144. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Improvement of the status of women in the Secretariat".

145. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/29.

Programme planning and activities to advance the status of women

146. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Programme planning and activities to advance the status of women".

147. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/30.

148. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland made a statement (see E/1989/SR.15).

System-wide co-ordination of activities to advance the status of women and to integrate women into development

149. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee considered draft resolution III, entitled "System-wide co-ordination of activities to advance the status of women and to integrate women into development".

150. At the same meeting, the representative of Canada proposed to defer consideration of the draft resolution until the second regular session of 1989. Following statements by the representative of Lesotho and the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it defer consideration of the draft resolution until its second regular session of 1989.

151. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 33, draft decision I). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/26. ^{13/}

Women and children in Namibia

152. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "Women and children in Namibia".

153. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution III). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/31.

Preparations for the 1990 session of the Commission on the Status of Women to review and appraise progress in the implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women

154. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution V, entitled "Preparations for the 1990 session of the Commission on the Status of Women to review and appraise progress in the implementation of the Nairobi Forward-looking Strategies for the Advancement of Women".

155. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution IV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/32.

Women and children under apartheid

156. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VI, entitled "Women and children under apartheid", by a recorded vote of 37 to 2, with 9 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Libyan Arab

^{13/} For action taken by the Council at its second regular session, see chap. IV above, paras. 232-236.

Jamahiriya, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Oman, 14/ Portugal.

157. After the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of Norway (also on behalf of Denmark) and New Zealand.

158. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution V) by a recorded vote of 44 to 2, with 8 abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/33. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal.

The situation of Palestinian women

159. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VII, entitled "The situation of Palestinian women", by a recorded vote of 32 to 1, with 14 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Oman, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zambia.

14/ The delegation of Oman subsequently indicated that its vote on the draft resolution should have been recorded as being in favour and not as an abstention.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Lesotho, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zaire.

160. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution VI) by a recorded vote of 38 to 1, with 15 abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/34. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Zaire.

Women and peace in Central America

161. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VIII, entitled "Women and peace in Central America".

162. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution VII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/35.

Equality in economic and social participation

163. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IX, entitled "Equality in economic and social participation".

164. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution VIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/36.

Measures to facilitate the participation of women in development

165. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution X, entitled "Measures to facilitate the participation of women in development".

166. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution IX). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/37.

Elderly women

167. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XI, entitled "Elderly women".

168. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution X). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/38.

Women, human rights and development in Central America

169. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XII, entitled "Women, human rights and development in Central America".

170. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/39.

Women living in absolute poverty

171. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XIII, entitled "Women living in absolute poverty".

172. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/40.

Women and development

173. At the 16th meeting, on 16 May, following statements by the representative of India and by the Chairman, the Committee adopted draft resolution XIV, entitled "Women and development", by a recorded vote of 32 to 1, with 14 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Poland, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United State of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, 15/ Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

15/ The delegation of Oman subsequently indicated that its vote on the draft resolution should have been recorded as being in favour and not as an abstention.

174. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XIII) by a recorded vote of 40 to 1, with 13 abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/41. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Economic situation of women in Latin America and the Caribbean

175. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XV, entitled "Economic situation of women in Latin America and the Caribbean".

176. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XIV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/42.

Activities to assist women in the fight against the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome pandemic

177. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft decision I, entitled "Activities to assist women in the fight against the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome pandemic".

178. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 33, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/127.

Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its thirty-third session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-fourth session of the Commission

179. At its 16th meeting, on 16 May, the Committee adopted draft decision II, entitled "Report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its thirty-third session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-third session of the Commission".

180. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 33, draft decision III). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/128.

Interregional consultation on women in public life

181. At the 16th meeting, on 16 May, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it endorse the recommendations contained in paragraphs 1 and 5 of Commission on the Status of Women resolution 33/2, entitled "Interregional consultation on women in public life".

182. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 33, draft decision IV). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/129.

Other proposals

International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women

183. At the 16th meeting, on 16 May, the representative of Uruguay, on behalf of Algeria, 16/ Argentina, 16/ the Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Chile, 16/ China, Colombia, Costa Rica, 16/ Cuba, Cyprus, 16/ Democratic Yemen, 16/ the Dominican Republic, 16/ Egypt, 16/ France, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Italy, Jamaica, 16/ Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Mexico, 16/ Morocco, 16/ New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, 16/ Peru, 16/ the Philippines, 16/ Senegal, 16/ Spain, 16/ Sri Lanka, the Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia and Zaire, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.14) entitled "International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women". Subsequently, Ecuador 16/ joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

184. At its 19th meeting, on 17 May, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

185. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/43.

Elimination of discrimination against women in accordance with the aims of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

186. At the 16th meeting, on 16 May, the representative of Denmark, on behalf of Austria, 16/ Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, Finland, 16/ the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Iceland, 16/ Indonesia, Italy, Mexico, 16/ New Zealand, Norway, Spain, 16/ Sweden 16/ and Yugoslavia, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.15) entitled "Elimination of discrimination against women in accordance with the aims of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women". Subsequently, Australia 16/ and Cuba joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

187. At the 19th meeting, on 17 May, following a statement by the representative of the United States of America, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

16/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

188. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/90, para. 32, draft resolution XVI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/44.

National experience relating to the situation of women in rural areas

189. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, on the proposal of the President, the Council took note of the note by the Secretary-General on national experience relating to the situation of women in rural areas (E/1989/70) and authorized the Secretary-General to submit his comprehensive report on the improvement of the situation of rural women directly to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session. See Council decision 1989/130.

C. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

190. The Council considered the question of social development at its first regular session (agenda item 11). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on national experience in promoting the co-operative movement (A/44/79-E/1989/8);

(b) Report of the Secretary-General on national experience in achieving far-reaching social and economic changes for the purpose of social progress (A/44/86-E/1989/14);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development (A/44/116-E/1989/15);

(d) Report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its tenth session (E/1988/20); 17/

(e) Report of the Secretary-General on the second review and appraisal of the implementation of the International Plan of Action on Aging (E/1989/13);

(f) Report of the Commission for Social Development on its thirty-first session (E/1989/25); 18/

(g) Report of the Secretary-General on crime prevention and criminal justice (E/1989/47);

(h) Report on the world social situation (E/CN.5/1989/2);

(i) Statement submitted by the International Law Association, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, category II (E/1989/NGO/1);

(j) Statement submitted by the International Federation of Women Lawyers, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, category II (E/1989/NGO/3);

(k) Statement submitted by the International Association of Penal Law, the International Society for Criminology and the International Society of Social Defence, non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, category II (E/1989/NGO/5).

191. The Council allocated the item to the Second (Social) Committee, which considered it at its 6th to 12th, 14th, 19th, 20th and 22nd meetings, on 5 May, from 8 to 12 May and from 17 to 19 May 1989

17/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1988, Supplement No. 10.

18/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1989, Supplement No. 7.

192. At its 6th to 10th meetings, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 6th meeting, on 5 May, it heard an introductory statement by the Director of the Social Development Division of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs.

193. Also at the 6th meeting, statements were made by the observers for Mexico, Chile and Pakistan. The observer for the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council, category I, also made a statement.

194. At the 7th meeting, on 8 May, statements were made by the representatives of China, Norway (on behalf of the Nordic countries) and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. The representative of the International Labour Organisation also made a statement. The observer for the World Federation of Trade Unions, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council, category I, made a statement.

195. At the 8th meeting, on 8 May, statements were made by the representatives of Bulgaria, Bolivia, the Bahamas and Czechoslovakia and the observers for the Dominican Republic, the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic and the German Democratic Republic.

196. At the 9th meeting, on 9 May, statements were made by the representatives of Canada, Poland, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and New Zealand and the observers for the Dominican Republic and Austria.

197. At the 10th meeting, on 9 May, statements were made by the representatives of Uruguay, Italy, the United States of America, Venezuela, Cuba, Yugoslavia, Indonesia, the Sudan, Nicaragua, Kenya, France and Cameroon and the observers for Mongolia, Malaysia and Costa Rica. A written statement submitted by the representative of New Zealand was made available to the Committee.

Recommendations contained in the report of the Commission for Social Development

198. Chapter I of the report of the Commission for Social Development on its thirty-first session (E/1989/25) contained 10 draft resolutions and one draft decision recommended for adoption by the Council. It also contained two decisions of the Commission that called for action by the Council.

Critical social situation in Africa

199. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Critical social situation in Africa".

200. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/46.

Social welfare, development and science and technology

201. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Social welfare, development and science and technology".

202. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/47.

Twentieth anniversary of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development

203. At the 12th meeting, on 11 May, the representative of Bulgaria proposed to amend operative paragraph 7 of draft resolution III, entitled "Twentieth anniversary of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development", by replacing the words "to consider including" by the words "to include".

204. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally amended.

205. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution III). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/48.

Follow-up of the Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future

206. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "Follow-up of the Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future".

207. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution IV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/49.

Second review and appraisal of the implementation of the International Plan of Action on Aging

208. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution V, entitled "Second review and appraisal of the implementation of the International Plan of Action on Aging".

209. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution V). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/50.

Youth in the contemporary world

210. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VI, entitled "Youth in the contemporary world".

211. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution VI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/51.

United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons

212. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VII, entitled "United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons".

213. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution VII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/52.

Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future and follow-up of the Interregional Consultation on Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes

214. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VIII, entitled "Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future and follow-up of the Interregional Consultation on Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes".

215. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution VIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/53.

Need to enhance international co-operation in the field of protection and assistance to the family

216. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IX, entitled "Need to enhance international co-operation in the field of protection and assistance to the family".

217. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution IX). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/54.

The social dimension of the international development strategy for the fourth United Nations development decade

218. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution X, entitled "The social dimension of the international development strategy".

219. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution X). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/55.

Report of the Commission for Social Development on its thirty-first session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-second session of the Commission

220. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted the draft decision entitled "Report of the Commission for Social Development on its thirty-first session and provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-second session of the Commission".

221. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 59, draft decision I). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/131.

Nomination of members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

222. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to refer Commission for Social Development decision 31/101, entitled "Nomination of members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development", to the Council for action (see chap. VII below, para. 24).

Enlargement of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

223. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it endorse Commission for Social Development decision 31/102, entitled "Enlargement of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development".

224. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 59, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/132, paragraph 1.

225. At the same meeting, on the proposal of the President, the Council decided to revert to the question of the nomination and confirmation of three additional members of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development at its second regular session of 1989. See Council decision 1989/132, paragraph 2. ^{19/}

Recommendations contained in the report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control

226. Chapter I of the report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its tenth session (E/1988/20) contained 14 draft resolutions and one draft decision recommended for adoption by the Council.

227. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee had before it a statement (E/1989/C.2/L.13) of the programme budget implications of draft resolutions VIII, XI, XII, XIII and XIV recommended by the Committee, which was submitted by the Secretary-General in accordance with rule 31 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

228. At the same meeting, the Director of the Social Development Division of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs made a statement in connection with the programme budget implications.

229. Statements were also made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and India.

230. The representative of the Office of Programme Planning, Budget and Finance made a statement in response to questions raised.

^{19/} For action taken at the second regular session, see chap. VII below, para. 25.

Statute of the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute

231. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Statute of the United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute".

232. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/56.

Implementation of the Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power

233. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Implementation of the Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power".

234. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/57.

United Nations network of government-appointed national correspondents in the field of crime prevention and control

235. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution III, entitled "United Nations network of government-appointed national correspondents in the field of crime prevention and control".

236. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/58.

African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

237. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "African Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders".

238. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XIV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/59.

Procedures for the effective implementation of the Basic Principles on the Independence of the Judiciary

239. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution V, entitled "Procedures for the effective implementation of the Basic Principles on the Independence of the Judiciary".

240. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/60.

Guidelines for the effective implementation of the Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials

241. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VI, entitled "Guidelines for the effective implementation of the Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials".

242. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XVI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/61.

Concerted international action against the forms of crime identified in the Milan Plan of Action

243. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VII, entitled "Concerted international action against the forms of crime identified in the Milan Plan of Action".

244. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XVII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/62.

Implementation of United Nations standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice

245. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VIII, entitled "Implementation of United Nations standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice".

246. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XVIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/63.

Implementation of the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty

247. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IX, entitled "Implementation of the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty".

248. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of China made a statement.

249. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XIX). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/64.

Effective prevention and investigation of extra-legal, arbitrary and summary executions

250. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution X, entitled "Effective prevention and investigation of extra-legal, arbitrary and summary executions".

251. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of China made a statement.

252. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XX). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/65.

United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice (The Beijing Rules)

253. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XI, entitled "United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice (The Beijing Rules)".

254. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/66.

Domestic violence

255. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XII, entitled "Domestic violence".

256. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/67.

Review of the functioning and programme of work of the United Nations in crime prevention and criminal justice

257. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XIII, entitled "Review of the functioning and programme of work of the United Nations in crime prevention and criminal justice".

258. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/68.

Continuation of preparations for the Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

259. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution XIV, entitled "Continuation of preparations for the Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders".

260. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXIV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/69.

Report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its tenth session and provisional agenda and documentation for the eleventh session of the Committee

261. At its 12th meeting, on 11 May, the Committee adopted the draft decision entitled "Report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its tenth

session and provisional agenda and documentation for the eleventh session of the Committee".

262. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 59, draft decision III). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/133.

Other proposals

Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

263. At the 11th meeting, on 10 May, the representative of the United States of America introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.6) entitled "Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling the responsibility assumed by the United Nations in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice under Economic and Social Council resolution 155 C (VII) of 13 August 1948 and General Assembly resolution 415 (V) of 1 December 1950,

"Taking note of its resolution 1988/44 of 27 May 1988 and its decision 1988/146 of 27 May 1988,

"Noting with concern that the resources available to the Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Branch of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat have decreased while its commitments have increased, and that its resources should therefore be maximised as much as possible,

"Requests the Secretary-General to ensure that the Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders be held at the United Nations Office in Vienna."

264. At the same meeting, the representative of Colombia, on behalf of Argentina, 20/ Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, 20/ Cuba, Guatemala, 20/ Mexico, 20/ Nicaragua, Panama, 20/ Peru, 20/ Uruguay and Venezuela, introduced a draft decision (E/1989/C.2/L.7) entitled "Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders". Subsequently, Ecuador 20/ and Guyana 20/ joined in sponsoring the draft decision.

265. At the 14th meeting, on 12 May, the representative of Colombia made a statement in which he moved, under rule 67 of the rules of procedure of the Council, that action be taken first on draft decision E/1989/C.2/L.7.

20/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

266. The Committee voted on the motion, which was carried by a recorded vote of 29 to 1, with 14 abstentions. The voting was as follows: 21/

In favour: Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Jordan, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

267. The Committee then adopted the draft decision by a recorded vote of 43 to 2, with no abstentions. The voting was as follows: 21/

In favour: Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Canada, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Rwanda, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Oman, United States of America.

Abstaining: None.

268. In the light of the adoption of draft decision E/1989/C.2/L.7, no action was taken on draft resolution E/1989/C.2/L.6.

269. After the draft decision was adopted, the observer for Austria made a statement.

270. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 59, draft decision IV) by a recorded vote of 51 to 1, with no abstentions. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/134. The voting was as follows:

21/ The delegations of the Bahamas and Kenya subsequently indicated that, had they been present during the voting, they would have voted in favour.

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Canada, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Poland, Portugal, Rwanda, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: None.

271. After the draft decision was adopted, the representative of the United States of America made a statement (see E/1989/SR.15).

International co-operation in combating organized crime

272. At the 12th meeting, on 11 May, the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, on behalf of Belgium, 20/ Bulgaria, Colombia, France, the German Democratic Republic, 20/ the Federal Republic of Germany, Italy, Poland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.8) entitled "International co-operation in combating organized crime". Subsequently, Canada joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

273. At its 14th meeting, on 12 May, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

274. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/70.

World social situation

275. At the 12th meeting, on 11 May, the observer for Malaysia, 20/ on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.9) entitled "World social situation".

276. At the 20th meeting, on 18 May, the observer for Malaysia, 20/ on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, introduced a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.9/Rev.1), which contained the following changes:

(a) In the second preambular paragraph, the year "1989" was deleted before the words "report on the world social situation";

(b) A new last preambular paragraph was added, reading:

"Stressing the need for a comprehensive and integrated view of the interrelationships between economic and social problems";

(c) A new operative paragraph 1 was inserted, reading:

"1. Reaffirms that, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 40/100 and Economic and Social Council resolutions 1987/40 and 1987/52, the 1989 report on the world social situation will be submitted to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session";

(d) In operative paragraph 1 (para. 2 of the final text), the words "Requests the Secretary-General to review the final version of the 1989 report on the world social situation and include in his review" were replaced by the following:

"Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its forty-fifth session, through the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1990, a revised version of the 1989 report on the world social situation, which should include".

277. At the 22nd meeting, on 19 May, the observer for Malaysia 20/ orally revised operative paragraph 2 of the revised draft resolution (see para. 276 (d) above) by replacing the words "a revised version of the 1989 report" by the words "an expanded version of the 1989 report".

278. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution, as further revised orally, by a recorded vote of 40 to 1, with 13 abstentions. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriyah, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

279. After the adoption of the draft resolution, statements were made by the representatives of Canada, the United States of America, Norway (on behalf also of Denmark), Cameroon, Japan and New Zealand.

280. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91/Add.1, para. 10) by a recorded vote of 39 to 1, with 13 abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/72. The voting was as follows:

In favour: Bahamas, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Achievement of social justice

281. At the 12th meeting, on 11 May, the representative of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, on behalf of Poland and the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.10) entitled "Achievement of social justice", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling General Assembly resolution 42/49 of 30 November 1987, and its own resolution 1988/46 of 27 May 1988,

"Considering the pledge made by Member States in the Charter of the United Nations to take joint and separate action to promote higher standards of living, full employment and conditions of economic and social progress and development,

"Noting in that connection the continuing importance of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development (General Assembly resolution 2542 (XXIV)), which provides that social progress and development shall be based on respect for the dignity and value of the human person and shall ensure the promotion of human rights and social justice,

"Convinced of the need for more extensive international and regional co-operation with a view to contributing to national efforts to promote social progress, taking account of economic potential and social needs,

"Mindful of the Guiding Principles for Developmental Social Welfare Policies and Programmes in the Near Future (see E/CONF.80/10, chap. III),

"Persuaded of the importance of taking measures to ensure co-ordination within the United Nations system in order to develop a comprehensive approach to developmental social welfare, including integrated and mutually supportive economic and social development policies, focused on the achievement of social justice,

"1. Recognizes that social justice is one of the most important goals of social progress;

"2. Considers that one of the priority tasks for achieving that goal is to guard against extreme poverty and to prevent the population living on the borderline of poverty from being marginalized;

"3. Calls upon States to take concepts of social justice as a basis for the preparation of their national development plans and programmes, giving priority to endeavouring to solve problems relating to employment, education, health care, nutrition, housing, social welfare and the raising of living standards;

"4. Recommends that the relevant United Nations bodies and specialized agencies should take account, in considering social development issues and the implementation of human rights, of the need to achieve social justice for all;

"5. Requests the Secretary-General to devote attention, in his studies and reports concerning international social development issues, including the reports on the world social situation, to social justice issues and, in particular, to ways of achieving the objective in question;

"6. Invites the Commission for Social Development to consider the possibility of drawing up basic norms on social welfare and of defining theoretical approaches to the problem of achieving social justice."

282. In introducing the draft resolution, the representative of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic orally revised it by replacing the third and fourth preambular paragraphs by the following text:

"Bearing in mind that, in accordance with the Declaration on Social Progress and Development, social progress and development shall be founded on respect for the dignity and value of the human person and shall ensure the promotion of human rights and social justice.

"Convinced that more extensive international and regional co-operation is important for promoting social progress at the national level".

283. Statements were made by the representatives of Ireland, India, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and New Zealand and the observer for the Syrian Arab Republic.

284. At the 14th meeting, on 12 May, the representative of the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic introduced a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.10/Rev.1).

285. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution.

286. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/91, para. 58, draft resolution XXVI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/71.

Debt relief for enhancing the social development of vulnerable groups in developing countries

287. At its 19th meeting, on 17 May, the Committee had before it a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.11) entitled "Debt relief for enhancing the social development of vulnerable groups in developing countries", submitted by the Sudan. The draft resolution read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Concerned about the adverse effects of the international economic situation on the majority of the peoples of the developing countries,

"Deeply concerned that increasing debt-servicing obligations deprive developing countries of scarce resources needed for socio-economic development,

"Recalling General Assembly resolution 41/202 of 8 December 1986 on strengthened international economic co-operation aimed at resolving the external debt problems of developing countries, in which the Assembly states that a lasting solution to the debt problem requires simultaneous and complementary actions in the areas of economic policy which are mutually supportive and includes, inter alia, giving special attention to the implementation of specific relief measures in favour of the least developed countries,

"Recalling also General Assembly resolution 43/198 of 20 December 1988 on debt crisis and development, in which it urges the international community to continue to search, through dialogue and shared responsibility, for a durable, equitable and mutually agreed growth-oriented and development-oriented solution to the external indebtedness of developing countries,

"Convinced that vulnerable groups will benefit from the realization of development with a human face,

"1. Welcomes the positive developments in, and the increasing acceptance of the importance of, debt relief for enhancing the social development of vulnerable groups in the developing countries;

"2. Notes with satisfaction the initiatives of certain countries and financial institutions which encourage the implementation of debt relief measures for enhancing the social development of certain vulnerable groups;

"3. Calls upon all countries and multilateral financial institutions to consider a reversal of substantial amounts of debt repayments to debtor developing countries in order to enhance social development;

"4. Requests the United Nations Office in Vienna to explore ways and means of expanding the implementation of debt relief measures for enhancing the social development of vulnerable groups in developing countries;

"5. Decides to discuss the implementation of the present resolution at its first regular session of 1990."

288. At the same meeting, the representative of the Sudan made a statement in which he requested the Committee to postpone consideration of the draft resolution.

289. No action was taken on the draft resolution.

Reports considered by the Economic and Social Council in connection with the question of social development

290. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 24 May, on the proposal of the President, the Council took note of the reports considered in connection with the question of social development. See Council decision 1989/135.

D. NARCOTIC DRUGS

291. The Council considered the question of narcotic drugs at its first regular session (agenda item 12). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its thirty-third session (E/1989/23); 22/

(b) Summary of the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1988 (E/1989/38);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting a statement by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination entitled "The need to accelerate the international fight against drug abuse" (E/1989/72).

(d) Statement submitted by the International Federation of Women Lawyers, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, category II (E/1989/NGO/3).

292. The Council allocated the item to the Second (Social) Committee, which considered it at its 1st to 7th meetings, from 2 to 5 and on 8 May 1989.

293. At its 1st to 5th meetings, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 1st meeting, on 2 May, it heard an introductory statement by the Co-ordinator of All United Nations Drug Control-Related Activities, who also spoke on behalf of the Executive Director of the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control. The Director of the Division of Narcotic Drugs also made an introductory statement, and the President of the International Narcotics Control Board introduced the report of the Board for 1988.

22/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1989, Supplement No.5.

294. At the 2nd meeting, on 2 May, statements were made by the observers for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), Sweden (on behalf of the Nordic countries) and Pakistan.

295. At the 3rd meeting, on 3 May, statements were made by the representatives of Canada, Venezuela, the Bahamas, Thailand, Czechoslovakia, New Zealand, Uruguay, Japan, China and Nicaragua and the observers for Chile, Mexico and Austria. The representative of the World Bank made a statement. The observer for Soroptimist International, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council (category I), also made a statement.

296. At the 4th meeting, on 4 May, statements were made by the representatives of Sri Lanka, Indonesia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Brazil, the United States of America, India, Poland, Colombia, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria and Bolivia and the observers for Peru, Jamaica and Turkey.

297. At the 5th meeting, on 4 May, statements were made by the representatives of Trinidad and Tobago, Cuba, Ghana and Italy and the observer for the Philippines.

Recommendations contained in the report of the
Commission on Narcotic Drugs

298. Chapter I of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its thirty-third session (E/1989/23) contained six draft resolutions and five draft decisions recommended for adoption by the Council. The programme budget implications of the proposals were set out in annex II to the report.

Implementation of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

299. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution I, entitled "Implementation of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances".

300. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/13.

301. Before the draft resolution was adopted, the observer for Belgium made a statement (see E/1989/SR.12).

Intensification and co-ordination of measures for reduction of the illicit demand for narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

302. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution II, entitled "Intensification and co-ordination of measures for demand reduction".

303. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/14.

Demand and supply of opiates for medical and scientific purposes

304. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution III, entitled "Supply of and demand for opiates for medical and scientific purposes".

305. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution III). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/15.

Contribution of the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control to the fight against illicit traffic in and abuse of drugs

306. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution IV, entitled "Contribution of the United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control to the fight against illicit traffic in and abuse of drugs".

307. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution IV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/16.

Special session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

308. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution V, entitled "Special session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs".

309. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution V). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/17.

Allocation of appropriate resources and priority to the international drug control programme

310. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft resolution VI, entitled "Allocation of appropriate resources and priority to the international drug control programme".

311. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution VI). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/18.

Provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-fourth session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

312. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft decision I, entitled "Provisional agenda for the thirty-fourth session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs".

313. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision I). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/118.

Provisional agenda and documentation for the eleventh special session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

314. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft decision II, entitled "Provisional agenda and documentation for the eleventh special session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs".

315. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/119.

Membership of the Sub-Commission on Illicit Drug Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East

316. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft decision III, entitled "Membership of the Sub-Commission on Illicit Drug Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East".

317. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision III). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/120.

Report of the International Narcotics Control Board

318. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft decision IV, entitled "Report of the International Narcotics Control Board".

319. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision IV). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/121.

Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

320. At its 5th meeting, on 4 May, the Committee adopted draft decision V, entitled "Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs".

321. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision V). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/122.

Other proposals

Provisional application of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

322. At the 5th meeting, on 4 May, the representative of the United States of America, on behalf of Australia, ^{23/} Bangladesh, ^{23/} Belgium, ^{23/} Bolivia, Colombia, Costa Rica, ^{23/} Denmark, the Dominican Republic, ^{23/} Ecuador, ^{23/}

^{23/} In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

Finland, 23/ France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Hungary, 23/ Italy, Malaysia, 23/ Mexico, 23/ Norway, Peru, 23/ Poland, Spain, 23/ Sweden, 23/ Thailand, Turkey, 23/ the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Venezuela and Yugoslavia, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.2), entitled "Provisional application of the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances". Subsequently, the Bahamas, China and Portugal joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

323. At its 6th meeting, on 5 May, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

324. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution VII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/19.

International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking

325. At the 5th meeting, on 4 May, the observer for Malaysia, 23/ on behalf of Australia, 23/ the Bahamas, Colombia, Costa Rica, 23/ India, Indonesia, Malaysia, 23/ Nicaragua, Peru, 23/ the Philippines 23/ and Thailand, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.2/L.3), entitled "International Conference on Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking". Subsequently, Bolivia, Brunei Darussalam, 23/ China, Singapore 23/ and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

326. At its 6th meeting, on 5 May, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

327. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 26, draft resolution VIII). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/20.

Drug addiction among children

328. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, the observer for Peru, 23/ on behalf of the Bahamas, Bolivia, Colombia, Costa Rica, 23/ the Dominican Republic, 23/ Ecuador, 23/ India, Mexico, 23/ Morocco, 23/ Nicaragua, Pakistan, 23/ Peru, 23/ the Philippines 23/ Uruguay and Venezuela, introduced a draft decision (E/1989/C.2/L.4), entitled "Drug addiction among children". Subsequently, Cuba, Egypt, 23/ the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece and Jamaica 23/ joined in sponsoring the draft decision.

329. At its 7th meeting, on 8 May, the Committee adopted the draft decision.

330. At its 12th plenary meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/76, para. 27, draft decision VI). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/123.

Chapter VI

QUESTIONS CONSIDERED BY THE THIRD (PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION) COMMITTEE

A. OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT

1. The Council considered the question of operational activities for development at its second regular session (agenda item 8). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on human resources development and the activities of the United Nations system in that field (A/44/229-E/1989/60);

(b) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation for the comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development (A/44/324-E/1989/106 and Add.1);

(c) Letter dated 6 July 1989 from the Head of the Observer Delegation of the German Democratic Republic to the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1989 addressed to the Secretary-General (A/44/376-E/1989/125);

(d) Letter dated 18 July 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Czechoslovakia to the United Nations Office and other international organizations at Geneva addressed to the Secretary-General (A/44/401-E/1989/129);

(e) Report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on the United Nations Revolving Fund for Natural Resources Exploration (DP/1989/49);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Joint Inspection Unit on a review of the use of equipment provided to technical co-operation projects in developing countries (E/1989/7) and comments of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination on the report (E/1989/7/Add.1);

(g) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the statement by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination on the role and functioning of the United Nations development system in the 1990s (E/1989/108);

(h) Note by the Secretary-General on operational activities for development of the United Nations system (E/1989/117);

(i) Letter dated 30 June 1989 from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/1989/121 and Corr.1);

(j) Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (E/1989/L.22); 1/

1/ For the final report, see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1989, Supplement No. 12 (E/1989/31).

(k) Extract from the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme on its organizational meeting for 1989, its special session and its thirty-sixth session (E/1989/L.24 and Corr.1-3); 2/

(l) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting information received from the United Nations Children's Fund and from the World Food Programme (E/1989/L.35);

(m) Report of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes (WFP/CFA:27/15). 3/

2. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 7th, 10th to 14th and 16th to 18th meetings, on 11, 14, 17, 18, 19, 21, 24 and 25 July 1989.

3. At its 7th and 10th to 12th meetings, on 11, 14 and 17 July, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 7th meeting, on 11 July, it heard introductory statements by the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation and the Executive Director of the World Food Programme; at its 10th meeting, on 14 July, it heard introductory statements by the representatives of the Department of International Economic and Social Affairs and the United Nations Population Fund and by the Associate Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme; and at its 11th meeting, on 17 July, it heard an introductory statement by the representative of the United Nations Children's Fund.

4. At the 10th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of Poland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Bulgaria, France, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia and the observers for the German Democratic Republic and Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77). The representative of the International Labour Organisation also made a statement.

5. At the 11th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of Denmark (on behalf of the Nordic countries), the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Brazil, the United States of America, the Netherlands and China. Statements were also made by the representatives of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

6. At the 12th meeting, on 17 July, statements were made by the representatives of Italy, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, Cuba, the Federal Republic of Germany and Ghana and the observers for Australia, Zimbabwe, Uganda and Switzerland. The Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation made a concluding statement.

2/ For the final report, see Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1989, Supplement No. 13 (E/1989/32).

3/ Transmitted to the Council as document E/1989/107.

Triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development

7. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, the observer for Malaysia, on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, introduced a draft decision (E/1989/C.3/L.9) entitled "Triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council, concerned that not all the reports requested by the General Assembly in resolutions 42/196 of 11 December 1987 and 43/199 of 20 December 1988 on operational activities for development were available to the Council at its second regular session of 1989 and that the Council was therefore unable to carry out the triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities of the United Nations system, decides to recommend that the 1989 triennial comprehensive policy review be undertaken in full, on an exceptional basis, by the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session."

8. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the representative of Canada, on behalf of Canada, Denmark, Finland, 4/ France, Ghana, 5/ Italy, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, 4/ Switzerland, 4/ the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.16) entitled "Triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities of the United Nations system", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling General Assembly resolutions 41/171 of 5 December 1986, 42/196 of 11 December 1987 and 43/199 of 20 December 1988,

"1. Expresses appreciation for the efforts of the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation in preparing wide-ranging, albeit delayed, reports for the triennial policy review of operational activities for development in response to the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly;

"2. Also expresses appreciation for the voluntary contributions of States to enable integrated country reviews to be carried out;

"3. Regrets that the lateness of reports has contributed to a limitation of the discussion on operational activities at the second regular session of 1989 of the Economic and Social Council and to the consequent need to defer full consideration of the question, based on all relevant reports, to the forty-fourth session of the General Assembly;

"4. Takes note of the report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (E/1989/L.22); 1/

4/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

5/ Subsequently, Ghana withdrew its sponsorship of the draft resolution.

"5. Also takes note of the report of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes (WFP/CFA:27/15); 3/

"6. Takes note with interest of the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme on its thirty-sixth session, 2/ and Governing Council decision 89/20 on the role of the United Nations Development Programme in the 1990s, in particular with regard to the emphasis placed on the development of human resources, national capacity-building, technical co-operation among developing countries and the need to elaborate a funding strategy with a view to mobilizing increased resources for the operational activities of the United Nations system;

"7. Notes the establishment of an intergovernmental consultation process within the United Nations Development Programme in order to continue consideration of the future role of the Programme, bearing in mind the directives emanating, inter alia, from the triennial review of operational activities;

"8. Welcomes the Director-General's call for a more systematic approach to national capacity-building, a direct attack on poverty, more effective use of the sectoral capacities in the United Nations system and a more unified approach to meeting the analytical and technical advisory needs of Governments;

"9. Encourages the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination, through its Consultative Committee on Substantive Questions (Operational Activities), to continue its efforts to develop more effective approaches to the programming, co-ordination, technical and managerial support, and country-level integration of operational activities for development;

"10. Takes note with interest of the intention to introduce, at the request of Governments, common country statements of priority objectives for the United Nations system in support of national development efforts as a means of promoting coherence and co-ordination at the country level, and requests the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation to elaborate further on this concept and present concrete proposals, to be carried out on an experimental basis, to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session;

"11. Welcomes the assurances given by the Director-General that all reports requested in General Assembly resolution 42/196 will be available to the Assembly at its forty-fourth session, and requests the Director-General to submit to the Assembly at that session his overall conclusions and recommendations, taking into account the findings of the integrated country reviews and the work done since the last triennial policy review, including the erstwhile case-studies;

"12. Invites the General Assembly to urge Governments to ensure that the decisions adopted after the triennial policy review are brought to the attention of and acted upon by all the intergovernmental bodies and organizations of the United Nations development system."

9. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, New Zealand, Brazil and Japan.

10. At the 18th meeting, on 25 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Karl Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), informed the Committee of the results of the informal consultations held on draft resolution E/1989/C.3/L.16 and draft decision E/1989/C.3/L.9.

11. At the same meeting, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to take no action on the two draft proposals.

12. The Chairman of the Committee then introduced a draft decision entitled "Triennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities of the United Nations system", submitted on the basis of the informal consultations held on draft resolution E/1989/C.3/L.16 and draft decision E/1989/C.3/L.9. The draft decision was subsequently circulated in document E/1989/C.3/L.18.

13. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision (E/1989/C.3/L.18).

14. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 35, draft decision I). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/185.

15. After the adoption of the draft decision, statements were made by the representatives of the Netherlands and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the observers for Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77) and Australia (see E/1989/SR.37).

Annual policy review of operational activities for development

16. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the representative of New Zealand, on behalf of Canada, New Zealand and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft decision (E/1989/C.3/L.14) entitled "Policy review of operational activities of the United Nations system".

17. At the 18th meeting, on 25 July, the Chairman of the Committee informed the Committee that, during informal consultations, it had been agreed to revise subparagraph (b) of the draft decision by replacing the words "its Bureau" by the words "the President of the Economic and Social Council" and inserting the words "with members of the Council" after the word "consultations".

18. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision, as orally revised.

19. Before the draft decision was adopted, the representative of Yugoslavia made a statement.

20. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 35, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/186.

Development of human resources

21. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the observer for the German Democratic Republic, 6/ on behalf of Canada, the German Democratic Republic, 6/ Ghana and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.15) entitled "Development of human resources". Subsequently, Japan joined in sponsoring the draft resolution. The draft resolution read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Reaffirming the crucial role of human resources in the socio-economic development process and recognizing that the development of human resources is both an essential precondition for development and ultimate aim of development,

"Bearing in mind that the formulation and implementation of national strategies, policies, plans and programmes for human resources development as part of the overall development process are the sovereign right and responsibility of each country, to be carried out within the context of its specific national development needs and objectives,

"Recognizing that the integrated and concerted strategies, policies, plans and programmes for development in the 1990s should focus, inter alia, on human resources development,

"Taking into account the continuing evolution of the concept of human resources development and the consequent variety in the scope and nature of the experience and technical capacity of organizations and bodies of the United Nations system in promoting human resources development in their respective fields of competence and convinced of the need for greater clarity and co-ordination in carrying out such activities,

"Aware that the development of human resources is a long-term and multidisciplinary process requiring an integrated approach,

"Believing that a common operational definition of human resources development could enhance effectiveness and impact in this field,

"Noting with satisfaction that the Khartoum Declaration: Towards a Human-Focused Approach to Socio-Economic Recovery and Development in Africa (A/43/430, annex I) and the Jakarta Plan of Action on Human Resources Development in the ESCAP Region 7/ have contributed to the elaboration of the concept of human resources development,

"Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1987/81 of 8 July 1987 on the development of human resources,

6/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

7/ Resolution 274 (XLIV) of 20 April 1988 of the Economic and Social Council for Asia and the Pacific. See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1988, Supplement No. 11 (E/1988/35), chap. IV.

"Also recalling decision 88/29 of 1 July 1988 of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme on its experience in human resources development, 8/

"Bearing in mind that human resources development is a priority area of activity for organizations of the United Nations system,

"1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on human resources development and the activities of the United Nations system in that field (A/44/229-E/1989/60);

"2. Welcomes the intention of the United Nations Development Programme to issue a report on human resources development, which should be prepared in close co-operation with the relevant organizations of the United Nations system;

"3. Reaffirms the need for an integrated and multidisciplinary approach to all aspects of human resources development as a central feature of the programmes of work of the United Nations system in the field of economic and social development;

"4. Invites the organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, including funding bodies, to assist developing countries, at their request, in formulating and implementing strategies, policies, plans and programmes for human resources development and to promote the effective co-ordination of the activities of the United Nations system in this field;

"5. Invites the Ad Hoc Committee of the Whole for the Preparation of the International Development Strategy for the Fourth United Nations Development Decade to consider the issue of human resources development in the light of its economic and social impact on the overall process of development;

"6. Requests the Secretary-General to initiate efforts in the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to elaborate a more common operational definition of human resources development in order to enhance the effectiveness of programmes in this field;

"7. Also requests the Secretary-General and the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation to report on the implementation of the present resolution in the context of the reports on operational activities for development and on the world social situation and to include in those reports conclusions and recommendations for improving operational arrangements and focusing support for commonly defined human resources development activities."

22. At its 17th meeting, on 24 July, the Committee considered a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.15/Rev.1). A statement was made by the observer for the German Democratic Republic. The representative of Ghana also made a statement, in which he informed the Committee that Ghana was no longer a sponsor of the draft resolution.

8/ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1988, Supplement No. 9 (E/1988/19), annex I.

23. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution.

24. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 34, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/120.

Target for World Food Programme pledges for the period 1991-1992

25. At its 16th meeting, on 21 July, the Committee considered a draft resolution entitled "Target for World Food Programme pledges for the period 1991-1992", contained in annex III to the report of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes (WFP/CFA: 27/15; transmitted to the Economic and Social Council as document E/1989/107).

26. At the 17th meeting, on 24 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), informed the Committee of the results of the informal consultations held on the draft resolution.

27. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

28. After the adoption of the draft resolution, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland made a statement.

29. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 34, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/121.

Commemoration of forty years of multilateral technical co-operation within the United Nations system

30. At its 17th meeting, on 24 July, the Committee considered a draft decision (E/1989/C.3/L.17) entitled "Operational activities for development: commemoration of forty years of multilateral technical co-operation", which was submitted by the Chairman of the Committee.

31. The Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), informed the Committee that, during informal consultations, it had been agreed to revise the draft decision by adding the words "within the United Nations system" at the end of the title and in the text after the words "multilateral technical co-operation".

32. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft decision, as orally revised.

33. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 35, draft decision II?). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/187.

Expression of appreciation to Mr. George Arthur Brown, Associate Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme

34. At the 18th meeting, on 25 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council the adoption of a draft decision expressing appreciation to Mr. George Arthur Brown, Associate Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme.

35. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 35, draft decision IV). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/188.

Documents considered by the Economic and Social Council in connection with the question of operational activities for development

36. At its 18th meeting, on 25 July, the Committee, on the proposal of the Chairman, decided to recommend to the Council that it take note of the documents before it in connection with the question of operational activities for development.

37. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/135, para. 35, draft decision V). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/189.

B. CO-ORDINATION QUESTIONS

38. The Council considered co-ordination questions at its second regular session (agenda item 9). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on its twenty-ninth session (A/44/16); 2/

(b) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Secretary-General of the World Tourism Organization on the progress made in implementing the Manila Declaration and the Acapulco Document on World Tourism (A/44/273-E/1989/77);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Director-General of the World Health Organization on the global strategy for the prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) (A/44/274-E/1989/75) and a summary of activities and programmes being carried out by organizations of the United Nations system on the socio-economic and humanitarian aspects of AIDS (A/44/274/Add.1-E/1989/75/Add.1);

(d) Report of the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on the progress of the World Decade for Cultural Development (1988-1997) during the period 1988-1989 (A/44/284-E/1989/109);

(e) Annual overview report of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination for 1988 (E/1989/18);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting a letter dated 19 December 1988 from the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to the Secretary-General on the question of international co-operation in the field of informatics (E/1989/39);

9/ For the final report, see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 16.

(g) Report of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination on the Register of Development Activities of the United Nations System (E/1989/74);

(h) Report of the Secretary-General on economic and technical aspects of marine affairs (E/1989/110);

(i) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the report of the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on marine research and ocean services (E/1989/111);

(j) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting decision 7.1 adopted by the Executive Board of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization at its 131st session (E/1989/L.28) and report of the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on North-South co-operation in the field of informatics (131 EX/22).

39. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 5th, 6th, 11th and 13th to 17th meetings, on 10, 11, 17 to 21 and 24 July 1989.

40. At its 5th and 6th meetings, on 10 and 11 July, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 5th meeting, on 10 July, it heard introductory statements by the Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the representatives of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination and the Department of International Economic and Social Affairs. Introductory statements were also made by the representatives of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the World Health Organization.

41. Also at the 5th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of France (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), Yugoslavia, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the observers for Finland (on behalf of the Nordic countries) and Austria.

42. At the 6th meeting, on 11 July, statements were made by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Bulgaria, China, Canada (on behalf also of Australia and New Zealand), Sri Lanka, Japan, the United States of America, Cuba and Poland and the observers for Sweden (on behalf of the Nordic countries), Uganda and Zimbabwe. The representative of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization also made a statement.

World Decade for Cultural Development

43. At the 11th meeting, on 17 July, the observer for Mauritania introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.5) entitled "World Decade for Cultural Development".

44. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana), informed the Committee that, during informal consultations, it had been agreed to revise the draft resolution as follows:

(a) In operative paragraph 2, the words "as appropriate" were inserted after the word "efforts";

(b) In operative paragraph 3, the words "if appropriate" were inserted after the words "establishment of a steering committee".

45. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally revised.

46. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland made a statement.

47. At its 36th plenary meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/133, para. 21, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/107.

Prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS)

48. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the representative of Canada, on behalf of Australia, 10/ Austria, 10/ Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Denmark, Finland, 10/ France, the German Democratic Republic, 10/ Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Rwanda, Spain, 10/ Sweden, 10/ Thailand, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Zambia and Zimbabwe, 10/ introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.10) entitled "Prevention and control of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS)".

49. At the 15th meeting, on 20 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Karl Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution.

50. At its 16th meeting, on 21 July, the Committee considered a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.10/Rev.1), which contained the following changes:

(a) In the first preambular paragraph the word "conclusions" was replaced by the word "discussions";

(b) In the fifth preambular paragraph the words "human rights and dignity of people infected with the human immunodeficiency virus" were replaced by the words "human rights and dignity of all people, including those infected with the human immunodeficiency virus";

(c) The sixth preambular paragraph, which had read:

"Reaffirming that the struggle against AIDS should be consistent with and not divert attention from other national public health priorities and development goals or divert international efforts and resources needed for overall health priorities",

was replaced by the following text:

10/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

"Reaffirming that the struggle against AIDS should be consistent with and divert neither attention nor resources from other national public health priorities and development goals and should not divert international efforts and resources needed for overall health priorities";

(d) After the sixth preambular paragraph, a new paragraph was inserted, reading:

"Aware that AIDS can have serious economic and social consequences, particularly in countries with a high incidence of infection from the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and limited public health services and other developmental resources";

(e) In the last preambular paragraph, the words "may have a higher risk" were replaced by the words "recently appear to have developed a higher risk";

(f) After operative paragraph 2, a new operative paragraph was inserted, reading:

"3. Requests the Secretary-General, in view of the potentially serious implications of the AIDS pandemic for socio-economic development in some developing countries, to intensify his efforts, in close co-operation with the Director-General of the World Health Organization, to mobilize the technical and other relevant resources of the United Nations system through co-ordinated research and programme measures to deal with this aspect of the problem".

51. At the same meeting, following a statement by the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution.

52. At its 36th plenary meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/133, para. 21, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/108.

Co-operation in the field of informatics

53. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the representative of Tunisia introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.11) entitled "Co-operation in the field of informatics", which read as follows:

"The Economic and Social Council,

"Recalling resolutions 1824 (LV) of 10 August 1973 and 1903 (LVII) of 1 August 1974 concerning the application of data processing techniques to development,

"Noting the decision of the sixth special General Assembly of the Intergovernmental Bureau for Informatics to dissolve the organization with effect from 30 November 1988 and to request the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to refer to the Economic and Social Council the problem of strengthening co-operation between developed and developing countries in data processing,

"Aware of the importance of data processing for economic, social and cultural development and the qualitative and quantitative disparities in this field between developed and developing countries,

"Convinced that only international co-operation can furnish viable solutions capable of strengthening facilities for training specialists and for research and innovation with a view to the rational use of data processing for development in all fields,

"1. Takes note of the report by the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (131 EX/22) and supports the steps recommended for reviving North-South co-operation in the field of data processing;

"2. Considers it essential that the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization should strengthen its programme in the data processing field and that the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and the International Telecommunication Union should be associated with the programme with a view to facilitating the access of all countries to data processing in order to co-ordinate their activities with a view to a more effective approach and report regularly to the Economic and Social Council;

"3. Invites the United Nations Development Programme and all the other financing agencies of the United Nations system to bear in mind the role of data processing in development and to furnish the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the other specialized agencies concerned with the resources necessary to implement programmes on a scale capable of reducing the existing disparities and promoting the development of developing countries in the economic, scientific and technological fields through the application of data processing."

54. At the 15th meeting, on 20 July, the representative of Tunisia made a statement in which he withdrew the draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.11).

55. After the draft resolution was withdrawn, the representative of Tunisia, supported by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, France, New Zealand and Cuba, proposed that the Committee recommend to the Council that it consider, as appropriate, at its organizational session for 1990, the inclusion in its programme of work for 1990 of a separate item on international co-operation in the field of informatics, which would be considered by the First (Economic) Committee. The Committee agreed to the proposal.

56. At the 36th plenary meeting, on 27 July, following statements by the Secretary of the Council, the representatives of Brazil, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and Tunisia and the observer for Mexico (see E/1989/SR.36), the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/133, para. 22, draft decision I, para. 2). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/179, paragraph 2.

Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination

57. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the Chairman of the Committee introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.12) entitled "Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination".

58. At the 15th meeting, on 20 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany), informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution.

59. At its 16th meeting, on 21 July, the Committee considered a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.12/Rev.1), which contained the following changes:

(a) The last preambular paragraph, which had read:

"Recognizing that programme performance reports, programme evaluations and programme analyses of a cross-organizational nature are significant instruments for promoting efficiency and integrating the programming and co-ordination processes",

was replaced by the following text:

"Recognizing that programme performance reports, programme evaluations, system-wide programme analyses and other relevant co-ordination instruments should be significant tools for promoting effectiveness and better integration, as appropriate, of the programming and co-ordination processes and for enabling the United Nations to fulfil its role and functions";

(b) Operative paragraphs 1 and 2, which had read:

"1. Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on the work of its twenty-ninth session;

"2. Endorses the conclusions and recommendations contained in that report",

were merged to read:

"1. Takes note of the report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on the work of its twenty-ninth session and endorses the conclusions and recommendations contained therein";

(c) Two new operative paragraphs were added, reading:

"2. Requests the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination to intensify its efforts on such important matters as priority setting, evaluation methodologies, the format and presentation of the medium-term plan, and relevant co-ordination instruments;

"3. Affirms that the implementation of the present resolution shall take into account relevant decisions of the Council on the revitalization of the Economic and Social Council".

60. At the same meeting, following a statement by the Chairman, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution.

61. At its 36th plenary meeting, on 27 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/133, para. 21, draft resolution III). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/109.

Reports considered by the Economic and Social Council in connection with co-ordination questions

62. At the 17th meeting, on 24 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it take note of the reports considered in connection with co-ordination questions.

63. At the 36th plenary meeting, on 27 July, following a statement by the observer for Turkey, the Council adopted the draft decisions recommended by the Committee (E/1989/133, draft decision I, para. 1, and draft decision II). For the final texts, see Council decision 1989/179, paragraph 1, and decision 1989/180.

C. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

64. The Council considered the question of the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations at its second regular session (agenda item 10). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations (A/44/297 and Add.1);

(b) Report of the President of the Economic and Social Council on consultations held with the Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and the Chairman of the Special Committee against Apartheid (E/1989/112 and Add.1);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the interim report of the Executive Director of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) on assistance to the Palestinian people (E/1989/113).

65. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 2nd, 3rd, 5th, 9th, 11th and 13th meetings on 6, 7, 10, 13, 17 and 18 July 1989. 11/

66. At its 2nd and 3rd meetings, on 6 and 7 July, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 2nd meeting, on 6 July, it heard introductory statements by the Chairman of the Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and the Acting Chairman of the Special Committee against Apartheid.

11/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

67. Also at the 2nd meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Yugoslavia, New Zealand and the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the observer for the Syrian Arab Republic. The observer for Palestine made a statement. Statements were also made by the representatives of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

68. At the 3rd meeting, on 7 July, statements were made by the representatives of Ghana, Jordan, Cuba, Czechoslovakia and Zambia. The observer for Palestine also made a statement. The representative of the United Nations Development Programme made a statement.

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

69. At the 5th meeting, on 10 July, the representative of Zambia, on behalf of Algeria, 11/ Bulgaria, Congo, 11/ Cuba, Egypt, 11/ Ethiopia, 11/ the German Democratic Republic, 11/ Ghana, Kenya, Madagascar, 11/ Mauritania, 11/ the Niger, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, 11/ Somalia, Tunisia, Uganda, 11/ Zambia and Zimbabwe, 11/ introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.1) entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations". Subsequently, China, Czechoslovakia, Morocco, 11/ Thailand, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

70. At its 9th meeting, on 13 July, the Committee adopted the draft resolution by a roll-call vote of 32 to 1, with 10 abstentions. The voting was as follows: 12/

In favour: Bahamas, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Canada, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Poland, Rwanda, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

71. After the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of New Zealand, Norway and France.

12/ The delegation of China subsequently indicated that, had it been present during the voting, it would have voted in favour of the draft resolution.

72. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/130, para. 15, draft resolution I) by a roll-call vote of 38 to 1, with 10 abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/95. The voting was as follows: 13/

In favour: Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Canada, China, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Poland, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: United States of America.

Abstaining: Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

73. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of the United States of America made a statement (see E/1989/SR.35).

Assistance to the Palestinian people

74. At the 9th meeting, on 13 July, the representative of Tunisia, on behalf of Algeria, 14/ Bangladesh, 14/ Cuba, Egypt, 14/ the German Democratic Republic, 14/ Indonesia, Jordan, Kuwait, 14/ the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, 14/ the Sudan, the Syrian Arab Republic, 14/ Tunisia and Zambia, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.3) entitled "Assistance to the Palestinian people". Subsequently, the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, 14/ Malaysia, 14/ the Niger and Saudi Arabia joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

75. At the 11th meeting, on 17 July, the representative of Tunisia, on behalf of the sponsors, orally revised the draft resolution by inserting after operative paragraph 5 a new operative paragraph, reading:

"Further calls for the implementation of development projects in the occupied Palestinian territory, including the cement plant referred to in General Assembly resolution 39/223 of 18 December 1984".

The revised draft resolution was subsequently circulated in document E/1989/C.3/L.3/Rev.1.

13/ The delegation of Uruguay subsequently indicated that, had it been present during the voting, it would have voted in favour of the draft resolution.

14/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

76. At the same meeting, the representatives of France and Canada and the observer for Palestine made statements.

77. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana), made a statement in which he informed the Committee that during informal consultations, it had been agreed to revise operative paragraph 6 of the draft resolution by inserting after the word "including" the words "the facilitation by all concerned of the establishment of".

78. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution, as further revised orally, by 41 votes to 1, with 1 abstention.

79. Before the draft resolution was adopted, the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Iraq made statements; after the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of France (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), Norway, the United States of America and Tunisia.

80. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/130, para. 15, draft resolution II) by 48 votes to 1, with no abstentions. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/96.

81. After the adoption of the draft resolution, the representatives of the United States of America, Iraq and the observer for Palestine made statements (see E/1989/SR.35).

Report of the Secretary-General on assistance to the Palestinian people

82. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it take note of the interim report on assistance to the Palestinian people, prepared by the Executive Director of the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat).

83. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/130, para. 16). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/173.

D. PROGRAMME AND RELATED QUESTIONS

1. Proposed programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991

84. The Council considered the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991 at its second regular session (agenda item 11 (a)). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Proposed programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991 (A/44/6, foreword, introduction and sections 4 to 24); ^{15/}

^{15/} For the final text, see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/44/6/Rev.1).

(b) Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on its twenty-ninth session (A/44/16); 16/

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on all aspects of priority-setting in future outlines of the proposed programme budget (A/44/272).

85. At its 8th and 9th meetings, on 12 and 13 July, the Committee held a general discussion on item 11. At its 8th meeting, on 12 July, it heard an introductory statement by the Controller and Acting Under-Secretary-General for Administration and Management. An introductory statement by the Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination had been made at the 5th meeting, on 10 July, under item 9 (Co-ordination questions). 17/

86. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 8th, 9th, 14th and 15th meetings, on 12, 13, 19 and 20 July 1989.

87. Also at the 8th meeting, statements were made by the representatives of France (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, China, Brazil, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba and Tunisia and the observer for Austria.

88. At the 9th meeting, on 13 July, a statement was made by the representative of Zambia. The Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Controller and Acting Under-Secretary-General for Administration and Management made concluding statements.

Programme questions

89. At the 14th meeting, on 19 July, the Chairman of the Committee introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.13) entitled "Programme questions".

90. At the 15th meeting, on 20 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana), informed the Committee of the results of informal consultations held on the draft resolution.

91. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

92. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/134, para. 11). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/97.

16/ For the final text, see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 16.

17/ Other statements made under item 9 also related to programme questions (see sect. B above, paras. 41 and 42).

2. Calendar of conferences and meetings for 1990 and 1991

93. The Council considered the calendar of conferences and meetings for 1990 and 1991 at its second regular session (agenda item 11 (b)). It had before it the provisional calendar of conferences and meetings for 1990 and 1991 in the economic, social and human rights fields (E/1989/L.20 and Corr.1) and a letter dated 14 June 1989 from the Chairman of the Committee on Conferences to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/1989/116). The programme budget implications of the provisional calendar were contained in document E/1989/L.20/Add.1. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 16th meeting, on 21 July 1989.

Calendar of conferences and meetings for 1990 and 1991

94. At the 16th meeting, on 21 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it approve the calendar of conferences and meetings for 1990 and 1991.

95. At its 37th plenary meeting, on 28 July, the Council considered the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/134, para. 12, draft decision I). The Secretary of the Council read out a revision to the calendar, which was required as a result of the Council's decision (decision 1989/184) to hold the twenty-fifth session of the Economic Commission for Africa and the sixteenth meeting of the Conference of Ministers in Tripoli rather than Addis Ababa.

96. The Council then adopted the draft decision. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/190.

Summary record of sessional committees and subsidiary bodies of the Economic and Social Council

97. At the 16th meeting, on 21 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it discontinue for a further period of two years, from 1990, summary records for its sessional committees and certain subsidiary bodies.

98. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/134, para. 12, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/174.

E. CO-OPERATION FOR NATURAL DISASTER REDUCTION

99. The Council considered the question of co-operation for natural disaster reduction at its second regular session (agenda item 12). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Report of the Secretary-General on the international strategy for the fight against locust and grasshopper infestation, particularly in Africa (A/44/314-E/1989/115);

(b) Report of the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations on the international strategy for the fight against locust and grasshopper infestation, particularly in Africa (A/44/314/Add.1-E/1989/115/Add.1);

(c) Report of the Secretary-General on the preparations for the international decade for natural disaster reduction (A/44/322-E/1989/114).

100. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, which considered it at its 4th, 6th, 7th, 11th to 13th and 15th meetings, on 10, 11, 17, 18 and 20 July 1989.

101. At its 4th, 6th and 7th meetings, on 10 and 11 July, the Committee held a general discussion on the item. At its 4th meeting, on 10 July, the Committee heard introductory statements by the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation, the United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator and the representatives of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the United Nations Development Programme.

102. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of Japan, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Czechoslovakia, China and Italy and the observer for the German Democratic Republic. The representatives of the World Meteorological Organization, the World Health Organization and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization also made statements.

103. At the 6th meeting, on 11 July, statements were made by the representatives of Thailand, New Zealand (also on behalf of Australia), France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Cuba, the United States of America and the observer for Bangladesh.

104. At the 7th meeting, on 11 July, statements were made by the representatives of the Federal Republic of Germany and Tunisia (on behalf also of Mauritania) and the observer for Morocco. The United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator also made a statement.

International strategy for the fight against locust and grasshopper infestation, particularly in Africa

105. At the 11th meeting, on 17 July, the observer for Mauritania ^{18/} introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.6) entitled "International strategy for the fight against locust and grasshopper infestation, particularly in Africa". Subsequently, Cameroon, the Niger, Poland and Somalia joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

106. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana), read out the following revisions, which had been agreed upon during informal consultations:

(a) The words "and resolution 660 (XXIV) of 7 April 1989 of the Conference of Ministers of the Economic Commission for Africa" were added at the end of the first preambular paragraph;

^{18/} In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

(b) After the third preambular paragraph, a new paragraph was added which read:

"Noting also the results of the Conference of Heads of State of the countries members of the Joint Anti-Locust and Anti-Avarian Organization held in Dakar in February 1989";

(c) After operative paragraph 3, a new paragraph was added, which read:

"4. Further welcomes the appeal of the Conference of Heads of State of the countries members of the Joint Anti-Locust and Anti-Avarian Organization to the international community to strongly support the organization in the rigorous implementation of the plan of action in the short, medium and long terms to combat locusts, adopted by the Council of Ministers of the Organization at its twenty-fourth session, held in N'djamena from 10 to 16 December 1988".

107. At the same meeting, the representative of Canada orally proposed that the words "and environmentally acceptable alternative long-term strategies for locust and grasshopper control" be added at the end of operative paragraph 4 (para. 5 of the final text).

108. Also at the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of New Zealand, the United States of America, Brazil and Ghana and the observer for Mauritania.

109. At its 15th meeting, on 20 July, the Committee had before it a revised draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.6/Rev.1), which incorporated the oral revisions and the proposal made by Canada.

110. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the revised draft resolution.

111. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/132, para. 16, draft resolution I). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/98.

International Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction

112. At the 12th meeting, on 17 July, the representative of Japan, on behalf of France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, 18/ on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77, Poland, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.7) entitled "International Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction". In introducing the draft resolution, the representative of Japan orally revised it by replacing the words "Ad Hoc Group of Experts" in operative paragraph 3 by the words "Secretary-General".

113. At the 13th meeting, on 18 July, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana), informed the Committee of the results of the informal consultations held on the draft resolution.

114. At the same meeting, the Committee adopted the draft resolution, as orally revised.

115. After the draft resolution was adopted, the representative of Canada made a statement.

116. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/132, para. 16, draft resolution II). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/99.

F. SPECIAL ECONOMIC AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

117. The Council considered the question of special economic and humanitarian assistance at its second regular session (agenda item 13). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Letter dated 6 July 1989 from the Head of the Observer Delegation of the German Democratic Republic to the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1989 addressed to the Secretary-General (A/44/376-E/1989/125);

(b) Letter dated 18 July 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Czechoslovakia to the United Nations Office and other international organizations at Geneva addressed to the Secretary-General (A/44/401-E/1989/129);

(c) Note by the Secretary-General transmitting the decision adopted by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination on nutrition in times of disaster (E/1989/101).

Oral reports were made on assistance relating to various countries (see paras. 121 and 124 below).

118. The Council allocated the item to the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee but decided to hear the report on assistance to Mozambique in plenary meeting (see chap. VIII, para. 34, below).

119. The Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee considered the item at its 3rd, 4th, 9th, 11th and 14th meetings, on 7, 10, 13, 17 and 19 July 1989.

120. At its 3rd and 4th meetings, on 7 and 10 July, the Committee held a general discussion on the item.

121. At its 3rd meeting, on 7 July, the Committee heard the following oral reports:

(a) Oral reports on emergency assistance to Somalia and the Sudan, made on behalf of the Secretary-General by the representative of the Under-Secretary-General for Special Political Questions, Regional Co-operation, Decolonization and Trusteeship;

(b) Oral reports on the International Conference on Central American Refugees, the International Conference on Indo-Chinese Refugees, the situation of refugees in the Sudan and refugees and displaced persons in Djibouti and Malawi, assistance to refugees in Somalia, assistance to refugees and returnees in Ethiopia and assistance to student refugees in southern Africa made on behalf of the Secretary-General by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(c) An oral report on assistance to refugees in Somalia, made on behalf of the Secretary-General by the representative of the United Nations Development Programme.

122. At the same meeting, statements were made by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and France and the observer for Afghanistan.

123. At the 4th meeting on 10 July, statements were made by the observers for Lebanon, Sweden (on behalf of the Nordic countries) and Democratic Yemen. The observer for the Commission of the European Communities also made a statement.

124. At its 27th plenary meeting, on 12 July, the Council heard a report on assistance to Mozambique, made on behalf of the Secretary-General by the representative of the Under-Secretary-General for Special Political Questions, Regional Co-operation, Decolonization and Trusteeship (see E/1989/SR.27).

Assistance for the reconstruction and development of Lebanon

125. At the 9th meeting, on 13 July, the representative of Italy, on behalf of Algeria, ^{19/} Brazil, Egypt, ^{19/} France, Ghana, Greece, Iraq, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Lebanon, ^{19/} the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, ^{19/} Oman, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, the Sudan, the Syrian Arab Republic, ^{19/} Tunisia, Uruguay and Yugoslavia, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/C.3/L.4) entitled "Assistance for the reconstruction and development of Lebanon". Subsequently, Malaysia ^{19/} and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

126. At its 11th meeting, on 17 July, the Committee adopted the draft resolution.

127. After the draft resolution was adopted, the observer for Lebanon made a statement.

128. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft resolution recommended by the Committee (E/1989/131, para. 11). For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/100.

Statement by the Conference on Nutrition in Times of Disaster

129. At the 11th meeting, on 17 July, on the proposal of the Chairman and following statements by the representative of New Zealand and the Secretary of the Committee, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it take note of the statement by the Conference on Nutrition in Times of Disaster, brought to its attention by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination.

130. At its 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the Council adopted the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/131, para. 12, draft decision I). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/175.

^{19/} In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

Reports heard by the Economic and Social Council in connection with the question of special economic and humanitarian assistance

131. At its 14th meeting, on 19 July, on the proposal of the Chairman, the Committee decided to recommend to the Council that it take note of the oral reports relating to special economic and humanitarian assistance.

132. At the 35th plenary meeting, on 26 July, the President proposed that the draft decision recommended by the Committee (E/1989/131, para. 12, draft decision II) be amended by adding a paragraph in which the Council would take note of the report on assistance to Mozambique, heard in plenary meeting (see E/1989/SR.35).

133. The Council then adopted the draft decision, as orally amended. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/176.

Chapter VII

ELECTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS TO SUBSIDIARY AND RELATED BODIES OF THE COUNCIL, CONFIRMATION OF REPRESENTATIVES ON THE FUNCTIONAL COMMISSIONS AND NOMINATIONS

1. The Council considered the question of elections and appointments to subsidiary and related bodies of the Council and confirmation of representatives on the functional commissions at its organizational session for 1989 (agenda item 4), at its first regular session of 1989 (agenda item 13) and at its second regular session of 1989 (agenda item 15). It had before it the following documents:

(a) Note by the Secretary-General on elections to subsidiary bodies of the Council and confirmation of representatives on the functional commissions (E/1989/3/Rev.1 and Add.1);

(b) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of six members of the International Narcotics Control Board under the provisions of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol (E/1989/4);

(c) Section of the report of the Commission for Social Development on its thirty-first session relating to the nomination of members of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (E/1989/25, chap. I, sect. C);

(d) Annotated provisional agenda for the first regular session of 1989 (E/1989/30);

(e) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of members of the International Narcotics Control Board under the provisions of article 9, paragraph 1 (a), of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol (E/1989/50/Rev.1);

(f) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of members of the International Narcotics Control Board under the provisions of article 9, paragraph 1 (b), of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol (E/1989/51 and Add.1-4);

(g) Note by the Secretary-General on the Board of Trustees of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (E/1989/52 and Add.1);

(h) Annotated provisional agenda for the second regular session of 1989 (E/1989/100);

(i) Note by the Bureau on the nomination and confirmation of members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (E/1989/123);

(j) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of members of the functional commissions of the Council (E/1989/L.1);

(k) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 16 members of the Commission on Transnational Corporations (E/1989/L.2);

(l) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 10 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (E/1989/L.3);

(m) Note by the Secretary-General on the nomination of 12 members of the World Food Council (E/1989/L.4);

(n) Note by the Secretary-General on the nomination of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination (E/1989/L.5);

(o) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of five members of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes (E/1989/L.6);

(p) Note by the Secretary-General on the election of 16 members of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme (E/1989/L.7).

2. The Council considered the item at its 3rd meeting, on 10 February, at its 13th and 14th meetings, on 23 May, and at its 19th and 36th meetings, on 6 and 26 July 1989. An account of the proceedings is contained in the relevant summary records (E/1989/SR.3, 13-14, 19 and 36).

A. COMMITTEES OF THE COUNCIL

COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION

3. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council nominated the following States for election by the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990:

(a) African States (three vacancies): Algeria, Cameroon and Morocco;

(b) Asian States (three vacancies): China, Japan and Sri Lanka;

(c) Latin American and Caribbean States (one vacancy): Argentina.

See Council decision 1989/160.

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES 1/

4. At its 3rd meeting, on 10 February, the Council elected GABON for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992. See Council decision 1989/104.

5. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected TUNISIA for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992. See Council decision 1989/160.

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS 2/

6. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: CHINA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, EGYPT, FRANCE, GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF), JAPAN, SIERRA LEONE, SWITZERLAND, TUNISIA, URUGUAY and ZIMBABWE. The Council also elected ZAIRE for a term beginning on 1 January 1990 and expiring on 31 December 1991. See Council decision 1989/160.

7. At its 36th meeting, on 27 July, the Council elected PERU for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990. See Council decision 1989/181.

1/ At its 36th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of:

(a) Three members from African States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992;

(b) Five members from Asian States: two for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1990 and three for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992;

(c) Seven members from Western European and other States: three for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1990 and four for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992.

2/ At its 36th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of:

(a) One member from African States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991;

(b) Two members from Asian States: one for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990 and one for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991;

(c) One member from Latin American and Caribbean States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL
STANDARDS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING 3/

8. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected ARGENTINA, CHILE, JORDAN and PERU for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991. See Council decision 1989/160.

B. FUNCTIONAL COMMISSIONS AND SUB-COMMISSIONS

1. Election of States members

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

9. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: ARGENTINA, FRANCE, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, KENYA, NETHERLANDS, TOGO, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS and ZAMBIA. See Council decision 1989/160.

POPULATION COMMISSION 4/

10. At its 3rd meeting, on 10 February, the Council elected UGANDA for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992. See Council decision 1989/104.

11. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: BOTSWANA, CHINA, IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF), MEXICO, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. See Council decision 1989/160.

3/ At its 36th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of:

(a) Three members from African States: two for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1990 and one for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991;

(b) Two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1990;

(c) One member from Eastern European States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991;

(d) Two members from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1990.

4/ At its 36th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from African States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1990.

12. At its 36th meeting, on 27 July, the Council elected PANAMA for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1990. See Council decision 1989/181.

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

13. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected BURUNDI for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1992. See Council decision 1989/160.

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

14. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: BRAZIL, FRANCE, GHANA, HUNGARY, IRAQ, ITALY, MADAGASCAR, MEXICO, PAKISTAN, PHILIPPINES, SENEGAL, SOMALIA, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and YUGOSLAVIA. See Council decision 1989/160.

COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS

15. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: AUSTRALIA, BAHAMAS, BELGIUM, BULGARIA, CHINA, COLOMBIA, ECUADOR, GAMBIA, GHANA, HUNGARY, INDONESIA, JAPAN, LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA, MALAYSIA, MEXICO, SENEGAL, SPAIN, SWEDEN, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS and UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND. See Council decision 1989/160.

2. Confirmation of representatives

16. At its 3rd meeting, on 10 February, the Council confirmed the nominations, by their Governments, of the following representatives on the functional commissions of the Council:

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

Charles Curt Mueller (Brazil)
Ivan P. Fellegi (Canada)
Claude Milleron (France)
Emmanuel Oti Boateng (Ghana)
Vera Nyitrai (Hungary)
Majid Jamshidi (Iran, Islamic Republic of)
Hiroyasu Kudo (Japan)
Carlos Jarque Uribe (Mexico)
Fariss Tadili (Morocco)
Gisle Skancke (Norway)
S. M. Ishaq (Pakistan)
Amílcar Villarreal (Panama)
Nouridine Bouraima (Togo)
M. A. Korolev (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)
Jack Hibbert (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)
Hermann Habermann (United States of America)

POPULATION COMMISSION

Robert André (Belgium)
Maher Mahran (Egypt)
Hermann Shubnell (Germany, Federal Republic of)
Gaudence Habimana Nyirasafari (Rwanda)
Ulla-Britt Lithell (Sweden)
Nouridine Bouraima (Togo)
Fikret Uccan (Turkey)
Nikolai I. Borisenko (Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic)

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Paul Bamela Engo (Cameroon)
Maria Teresa Infante (Chile)
Qing Huasun (China)
Vappu Taipale (Finland)
Raymondo Amaro-Victoria (Guatemala)
Peter Serracino Inglott (Malta)
Salman Faruqui (Pakistan)
Mamita Perdo de Tervera (Philippines)
Michel Dobroczyński (Poland)
Iqbal Abu Guseisa (Sudan)

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Marcos Castrioto de Azambuja (Brazil)
A. Raynell Andreychuck (Canada)
Andreas Mavrommatis (Cyprus)
B. R. Bhagat (India)
El Ghali Benhima (Morocco)
Oscar E. Ceville (Panama)
Mpumelelo J. N. Hlophe (Swaziland)
Aregba Polo (Togo)
Vladimir A. Vasilenko (Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic)

COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

Johanna Dohnal (Austria)
Rashim Ahluwalia (Canada)
Ana Cecilia Escalante Herrera (Costa Rica)
Pierrette Biraud (France)
Raquel Blandon de Cerezo (Guatemala)
Makiko Sakai (Japan)
Aicha Kabbaj (Morocco)
Akhtar Razuddin (Pakistan)
Sakina Mohamed Hassan Abdalla (Sudan)
Gerd Engman (Sweden)
Saisuree Chutikul (Thailand)
Maria E. Kisanga (United Republic of Tanzania)

C. RELATED BODIES

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND

17. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a three-year term beginning on 1 August 1989: BARBADOS, CANADA, CHINA, FINLAND, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, NETHERLANDS, PERU, POLAND, THAILAND and ZIMBABWE. See Council decision 1989/160.

GOVERNING COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

18. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a three-year term beginning on the first day of the organizational session of the Governing Council to be held in February 1990 and expiring on the day preceding the organizational session three years later: BULGARIA, DENMARK, DJIBOUTI, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, GUYANA, INDIA, MALAYSIA, MAURITANIA, NETHERLANDS, NIGERIA, POLAND, PORTUGAL, SRI LANKA, SWITZERLAND, URUGUAY and VENEZUELA. See Council decision 1989/160.

COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES ^{5/}

19. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected the following States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990: FINLAND, HUNGARY, INDIA, ITALY and SUDAN. See Council decision 1989/160.

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

20. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council elected M. Quijano Narezo (Mexico) for a term beginning on the date of election and ending on 1 March 1990 to fill the vacancy created by the death of John C. Ebie (Nigeria).

21. At its 13th and 14th meetings, on 23 May, the Council also elected the following six persons as members of the International Narcotics Control Board to serve on the Board as constituted under the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, for a five-year term beginning on 2 March 1990:

Cai Zhi-Ji (China)
H. Cajias Kauffmann (Bolivia)
M. Kcohouk (Tunisia)
A. M. Mansour (Egypt)
M. V. N. Rao (India)
O. Schröder (Germany, Federal Republic of)

See Council decision 1989/160.

^{5/} The five remaining seats are to be filled by the Council of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its session to be held in the fourth quarter of 1989.

WORLD FOOD COUNCIL

22. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council, in accordance with paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, nominated the following States for election by the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1990:

- (a) African States (three vacancies): BURUNDI, EGYPT and RWANDA;
- (b) Asian States (three vacancies): DEMOCRATIC YEMEN, IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF) and JAPAN;
- (c) Eastern European States (one vacancy): HUNGARY;
- (d) Latin American and Caribbean States (two vacancies): ARGENTINA and PERU;
- (e) Western European and other States (three vacancies): DENMARK, FRANCE and ITALY.

See Council decision 1989/160.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH AND
TRAINING INSTITUTE FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN 6/

23. At its 13th and 14th meetings, on 23 May, the Council appointed the following three members of the Board of Trustees for a three-year term beginning on 1 July 1989: 7/ Virginia Olivo de Celli (Venezuela), Penelope Ruth Fenwick (New Zealand) and Victoria N. Okobi (Nigeria). See Council decision 1989/160.

BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS RESEARCH
INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

24. At its 13th meeting, on 23 May, the Council confirmed the nomination by the Commission for Social Development at its thirty-first session of the following members of the Board:

- (a) For a four-year term beginning on 1 July 1989: Maureen O'Neil (Canada), Ingrid Eide (Norway);

6/ The Board of Trustees is composed of 11 members, serving in their individual capacities, nominated by States and appointed by the Council with due regard to the principle of equitable geographical distribution and the fact that the Institute is financed by voluntary contributions.

7/ The appointment is for a term of three years, each member serving for a maximum of two terms.

- (b) For an additional term of two years, beginning on 1 July 1989:
Ismail-Sabri Abdalla (Egypt), Sartaj Aziz (Pakistan), Vida Cok
(Yugoslavia), Louis Emmerij (Netherlands).

See Council decision 1989/160.

25. At its 19th plenary meeting, on 6 July, the Council, recalling its decision 1989/132 of 24 May 1989 g/ and having considered the note by the Bureau (E/1989/123), decided, on an exceptional basis, to confirm the nomination of the following three candidates, proposed on the basis of informal consultations, for membership in the Board for a term beginning on 6 July and ending on 30 June 1993: Lars Anell (Sweden), Tatyana Ivanovna Koryagina (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) and Akilagpa Sawyerr (Ghana).

See Council decision 1989/181.

g/ By that decision, the number of members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development was increased from 7 to 10.

Chapter VIII

ORGANIZATIONAL AND OTHER MATTERS

1. The Council held its organizational session for 1989 at United Nations Headquarters on 19 January ^{1/} and 9 and 10 February 1989 (1st to 4th meetings), its first regular session of 1989 at United Nations Headquarters from 2 to 24 May 1989 (5th to 16th meetings) and its second regular session of 1989 at the United Nations Office at Geneva from 5 to 28 July 1989 (17th to 37th meetings). An account of the proceedings is contained in the summary records (E/1989/SR.1-37).

2. The 1st meeting was opened by the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation. Upon election, the President of the Council for 1989, Mr. Kjeld Wilhelm Mortensen (Denmark), made a statement.

3. Also at the 1st meeting, the Under-Secretary-General for Political and General Assembly Affairs and Secretariat Services made a statement upon his resignation from office. The President, on behalf of the Council, also made a statement.

4. At the first regular session, introductory statements were made at the 5th meeting, on 2 May, by the Under-Secretary-General for International Economic and Social Affairs, the Director-General of the United Nations Office at Vienna and Head of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs, and the Director-General of the United Nations Office at Geneva and Under-Secretary-General for Human Rights.

A. BUREAU OF THE COUNCIL

5. Pursuant to paragraph 2 (k) of its resolution 1988/77, the Council met on 19 January for the purpose of electing its Bureau.

6. At its 1st meeting, on 19 January, the Council elected, by acclamation, Mr. Kjeld Wilhelm Mortensen (Denmark), President of the Council for 1989. The Council also elected, by acclamation, Mr. Chandrashekar Dasgupta (India), Mr. Hassen Elghouayel (Tunisia), Mr. Guennadi I. Oudovenko (Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic) and Mr. Felipe Héctor Paolillo (Uruguay) Vice-Presidents of the Council.

7. At its 2nd meeting, on 9 February, the President informed the Council that after consultations with members of the Bureau, it had been agreed that Mr. Chandrashekar Dasgupta (India) would serve as Chairman of the First (Economic) Committee, that Mr. Hassen Elghouayel (Tunisia) would serve as Chairman of the Second (Social) Committee, that Mr. Guennadi I. Oudovenko (Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic) would serve as Chairman of the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee and that Mr. Felipe Héctor Paolillo (Uruguay) would co-ordinate informal consultations and perform other functions as required by the Council.

8. The First (Economic) Committee, at its 1st meeting, on 3 May, elected, by

^{1/} See paras. 5 and 6 below.

acclamation, Mr. Pavol Sepelak (Czechoslovakia) Vice-Chairman of the Committee. At its 9th meeting, on 5 July, the Committee elected, by acclamation, Mr. Vladimir Duris (Czechoslovakia) to replace Mr. Sepelak upon his resignation from office. The Committee also elected, by acclamation, Mr. Henrique Moret (Cuba) Vice-Chairman of the Committee.

9. The Second (Social) Committee, at its 1st meeting, on 2 May, elected, by acclamation, Mrs. Esther María Ashton (Bolivia) and at its 3rd meeting, on 3 May 1989, elected, by acclamation, Mrs. Saodah Batin Akuan Syahrudin (Indonesia) Vice-Chairman of the Committee.

10. The Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee, at its 1st meeting, on 5 July, elected, by acclamation, Mr. Karl Borchard (Federal Republic of Germany) and at its 2nd meeting, on 6 July, Mr. Alhaj Muhammad Abdullah (Ghana) Vice-Chairmen of the Committee.

B. PROGRAMME OF WORK AND AGENDA

Agenda of the organizational session for 1989

11. At its 2nd meeting, on 9 February, the Council had before it the annotated provisional agenda for its organizational session for 1989 (E/1989/2). At the same meeting, the Council adopted the agenda (see annex I to the present report).

Basic programme of work of the Council for 1989 and 1990

12. The Council considered its basic programme of work for 1989 and 1990 at its 2nd to 4th meetings, on 9 and 10 February. It had before it the draft basic programme of work of the Council for 1989 and 1990 (E/1989/1 and Add.1) and a note by the Secretary-General transmitting a letter dated 19 December 1988 from the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to the Secretary-General concerning the question of co-operation in the field of informatics (E/1989/39). Pursuant to paragraph 2 (b) (i) of Council resolution 1988/77, a consolidated note on the recommendations adopted by the General Assembly at its forty-third session calling for action by Governments and organizations of the United Nations system in the economic, social and related fields (E/1989/INF/2 and Add.1) was also made available to the Council.

13. At the 2nd meeting, the President made a statement on the informal consultations held on the basic programme of work for 1989 and 1990 and the allocation of agenda items pursuant to paragraph 2 (1) of Council resolution 1988/77.

14. At the same meeting the representative of the office of the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation made a statement.

15. Statements were also made by the representatives of Brazil, Canada, Tunisia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Colombia and the United States of America and the observers for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community) and Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77).

16. At the 3rd meeting, on 10 February, the President made a statement concerning the progress achieved during informal consultations on the basic programme of work and the allocation of agenda items.

17. Statements were also made by the representatives of Canada and Brazil.

18. At its 4th meeting, on 10 February, the Council considered a draft decision on the basic programme of work, which was proposed on the basis of informal consultations and subsequently circulated in document E/1989/L.8.

19. At the same meeting, after hearing statements by the representative of Japan and the observer for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), the President proposed that the list of items for consideration at the second regular session of 1989, contained in paragraph 3 of the draft decision, be revised by dividing item 11 (Co-operation for natural disaster reduction and special economic and humanitarian assistance) into two separate items.

20. The Council decided to suspend its meeting and hold informal consultations. When the meeting resumed, the President proposed the following additional revisions to the draft decision:

(a) The deletion of paragraphs 6 (a)-(d) and (m), which read:

[The Council decides:]

"(a) To focus, in its general discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments (agenda item 2), on the question of structural imbalances in the world economy and their impact on international economic co-operation, particularly with the developing countries;

"(b) To select, in accordance with paragraph 2 (a) (ii) of Council resolution 1988/77 of 29 July 1988 and with a view to the adoption of action-oriented recommendations pending the approval of a multi-year work programme, the following as major policy themes: [comprehensive policy review of the operational activities for development of the United Nations system;] environment and development; revitalization of the Economic and Social Council; and natural disaster reduction;

"(c) To decide, pursuant to paragraph 2 (a) (ii) of Council resolution 1988/77, on a multi-year work programme, on the basis of which major policy themes may be selected;

"(d) When considering the item entitled 'Revitalization of the Economic and Social Council', to review, in accordance with paragraph 1 (i) of Council resolution 1982/50 of 28 July 1982 and paragraph 2 (f) (vii) of Council resolution 1988/77, all recurrent and other documentation requested under an existing legislative authority, in order to determine whether any document has become redundant, has lost its usefulness or could be issued at less frequent intervals, on the basis of a report to be prepared for that purpose by a small task force to be appointed by the President;

"...

"(m) To review the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its fifteenth session but, with the exception of matters relating to the question of the convening of a United Nations conference on environment and development, specific recommendations contained in the report that require action by the Council, and proposals on matters relating to the co-ordination aspect of the work of the Governing Council, not to consider draft proposals";

(b) The addition of a new paragraph (para. 5 (c) of the final text), reading,

[The Council decides:]

"To hold informal consultations under the chairmanship of its Vice-President, Mr. Felipe Héctor Paolillo (Uruguay), prior to the first regular session, on other outstanding matters relating to the work of the second regular session [see subparagraph (a) above] and to revert to those matters at its first regular session";

(c) The replacement of paragraph 6 (t), reading,

[The Council decides:]

"To consider the question of the need to resume and strengthen North-South co-operation in the field of informatics as proposed by the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (E/1989/39) under an appropriate agenda item",

by the following (para. 5 (b) of the final text):

[The Council decides:]

"To take note of the request received from the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization for the inclusion in the agenda of a question on co-operation in the field of informatics, and to consider at its first regular session of 1989 the inclusion of that question in the agenda of its second regular session".

21. Statements were made by the representatives of Japan, Uruguay, Colombia, Tunisia, Canada, Norway, the United States of America, New Zealand and Brazil and the observers for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community) and Malaysia (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77).

22. Also at its 4th meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision (E/1989/L.8, draft decision I), as orally revised. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/101.

23. After the draft decision was adopted, the representative of France made a statement.

24. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, the Vice-President of the Council, Mr. Felipe Héctor Paolillo (Uruguay), reported on the outcome of the informal consultations held on the matters deferred for consideration by the Council in its

decision 1989/101, paragraph 5 (c) (see para. 20 (a) above). He introduced a draft decision (E/1989/L.12) proposed on the basis of those consultations.

25. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/105.

26. After the draft decision was adopted, the observer for Spain made a statement on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community.

Agenda of the first regular session of 1989

27. The Council considered the agenda and organization of work of its first regular session at its 5th and 6th meetings on 2 and 5 May. It had before it the following documents:

(a) Annotated provisional agenda (E/1989/30);

(b) Note by the Secretariat on the status of documentation for the session (E/1989/L.10/Rev.1);

(c) Note by the Secretariat on the organization of the work of the session (E/1989/L.11 and Add.1).

28. At its 5th meeting, on 2 May, on the recommendation of the Bureau, the Council agreed to hear, under agenda item 1 (Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters), a statement by the Chairman of the Preparatory Committee of the Whole for the Special Session of the General Assembly Devoted to International Economic Co-operation, in Particular to the Revitalization of Economic Growth and Development of the Developing Countries, on the work of the Committee. See Council decision 1989/161, paragraph 1.

29. At the same meeting, following a proposal by the representative of Jordan and statements by the representatives of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Iraq, the Council decided to include the question of emergency assistance to Democratic Yemen under agenda item 1.

30. The Council then adopted the agenda of its first regular session (see annex I to the present report) and approved the organization of work in the light of the modifications and suggestions made by the Bureau (E/1989/L.11 and Add.1). See Council decision 1989/161, paragraph 1.

31. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, following a proposal by the representative of Saudi Arabia and statements by the representative of France and the observer for Egypt, the Council decided to include the question of emergency assistance to Djibouti under agenda item 1. See Council decision 1989/161, paragraph 2.

Agenda of the second regular session of 1989

32. At its first regular session, the Council considered the agenda for the second regular session at its 16th meeting, on 24 May. It had before it a note by the Secretariat (E/1989/L.16) containing the draft provisional agenda, a draft programme of work and a status report on the documentation for the session.

33. On the proposal of the representative of Colombia, supported by Greece, the Council agreed to reverse the order of agenda items 3 and 4.

34. The Council also agreed to a proposal by the representative of Mozambique, supported by Zambia, that the oral report on assistance to Mozambique be made in plenary meeting, on the understanding that the rest of the debate and consideration of draft proposals would be held in the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee.

35. After statements by the representatives of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, New Zealand and Greece, the Council agreed to reschedule the question of convening a United Nations conference on environment and development.

36. Statements concerning interpretation services for the second regular session were made by the representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Tunisia, France, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Senegal, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the Sudan, the observer for Spain, and the President.

37. At the same meeting, the Council approved the provisional agenda for the second regular session and the proposed programme of work (E/1989/L.16), as orally revised. See Council decision 1989/162.

38. At its second regular session, the Council had before it the following documents:

(a) Annotated provisional agenda (E/1989/100);

(b) Note by the Secretariat on the status of documentation for the session (E/1989/L.21);

(c) Letter dated 30 June 1989 from the President of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme to the President of the Economic and Social Council (E/1989/121 and Corr.1).

39. At the 17th meeting, on 5 July, the Secretary of the Council made a statement on the status of documentation for the session.

40. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the agenda of its second regular session (see annex I to the present report) and approved the organization of work for the session. See Council decision 1989/163.

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

41. In accordance with Council resolution 1623 (LI) of 30 July 1971, the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees is transmitted to the General Assembly without debate, unless the Council decides otherwise at the specific request of one or more of its members or of the High Commissioner at the time of the adoption of its agenda.

42. Since no such request was made when the Council adopted the agenda of its second regular session of 1989, agenda item 14 was not considered, and the Council decided to transmit the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

(E/1989/64) 2/ to the General Assembly at its forty-fourth session. See Council decision 1989/164.

C. JOINT MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION
AND THE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE ON CO-ORDINATION

43. At the 2nd meeting, on 9 February, the representative of the Office of the Director-General for Development and International Economic Co-operation reported on the implementation of Council resolution 1988/64 on the joint meetings of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination.

44. At the same meeting, the representative of Japan made a statement.

45. At its 4th meeting, on 10 February, the Council considered a draft decision entitled "Joint meetings of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination", which was proposed on the basis of informal consultations and subsequently circulated in document E/1989/L.8.

46. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision (E/1989/L.8, draft decision III). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/103.

D. DISCONTINUATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON CANDIDATURES FOR
ELECTIONS TO THE INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

47. At its 4th meeting, on 10 February, the Council considered a draft decision entitled "Discontinuation of the Committee on Candidatures for elections to the International Narcotics Control Board", which was proposed on the basis of informal consultations and subsequently circulated in document E/1989/L.8.

48. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision (E/1989/L.8, draft decision II). For the final text, see Council decision 1989/102.

E. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO SOMALIA

49. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, on behalf of the Secretary-General, the Director of the Unit for Special Emergency Programmes reported on emergency assistance to Somalia.

50. At the same meeting, the representative of Somalia made a statement.

51. At the 11th meeting, on 16 May, the representative of Somalia introduced a draft decision (E/1989/L.17) entitled "Emergency assistance to Somalia".

52. Statements were made by the representatives of the Sudan and the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the observers for Egypt and Pakistan.

2/ For the final report, see Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 12 (A/44/12).

53. At its 12th meeting, on 22 May, the Council adopted the draft decision. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/111.

54. After the draft decision was adopted, the representative of Somalia made a statement.

F. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO THE SUDAN

55. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, on behalf of the Secretary-General, the Director of the Unit for Special Emergency Programmes reported on emergency assistance to the Sudan.

56. At the 12th meeting, on 22 May, the representative of the Sudan made a statement.

57. At the same meeting, on the proposal of the President, the Council took note of the statement made by the representative of the Secretary-General. See Council decision 1989/112.

G. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO DEMOCRATIC YEMEN

58. At the 6th meeting, on 5 May, the representative of Jordan, on behalf of Bulgaria, Colombia, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Jordan, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, the Sudan, Tunisia, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Uruguay, Venezuela and Yugoslavia, introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/L.14) entitled "Emergency assistance to Democratic Yemen". Subsequently, Brazil, Bangladesh, 3/ China, Costa Rica, 3/, Egypt, 3/ France, Japan, Sri Lanka and Thailand joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

59. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/1.

60. After the draft resolution was adopted, the observer for Democratic Yemen made a statement.

H. EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO DJIBOUTI

61. At the 8th meeting, on 10 May, the representative of Saudi Arabia, on behalf of Brazil, China, Colombia, Djibouti, 3/ Egypt, 3/ France, Ghana, India, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sri Lanka, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Viet Nam, 3/ Yugoslavia and Zimbabwe, 3/ introduced a draft resolution (E/1989/L.15) entitled "Emergency assistance to Djibouti". Subsequently, Bolivia, Costa Rica, 3/ Côte d'Ivoire, 3/ Italy, Nigeria 3/ and Zaire joined in sponsoring the draft resolution.

62. At its 9th meeting, on 12 May, the Council adopted the draft resolution. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/2.

3/ In accordance with rule 72 of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council.

63. After the draft resolution was adopted, the observer for Djibouti made a statement.

I. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CENTRAL AMERICAN REFUGEES

64. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council decided to hear statements in connection with the International Conference on Central American Refugees under agenda item 1 (Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters).

65. At the 9th meeting, on 12 May, the observer for Guatemala made a statement on the Conference.

66. At the same meeting, the representative of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees made a statement.

J. GUIDELINES FOR INTERNATIONAL DECADES IN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL FIELDS

67. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, on the proposal of the representative of New Zealand and the observer for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community), the Council decided to refer to its Bureau the question of guidelines for international decades.

68. At the 16th meeting, on 24 May, the Vice-Chairman of the Second (Social) Committee, Mrs. Esther María Ashton (Bolivia), informed the Council of the results of the consultations held on the question and introduced a draft resolution entitled "Guidelines for international decades in economic and social fields", which was subsequently circulated in document E/1989/L.19.

69. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft resolution. For the final text, see Council resolution 1989/84.

70. After the draft resolution was adopted, statements were made by the representatives of New Zealand, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Cuba and the observer for Spain (on behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the European Economic Community). The President of the Council also made a statement.

K. NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

71. The Council considered the question of non-governmental organizations at its first regular session of 1989 (agenda item 3). It had before it the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (E/1989/40 and Corr.1).

72. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council held a general discussion on the item and heard statements by the representatives of Bulgaria, the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United States of America and the observers for Costa Rica and Sweden. The observer for the World Federation of United Nations Associations, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council, category I, also made a statement.

Recommendations contained in the report of the
Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations

73. Section I of the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (E/1989/40 and Corr.1) contained three draft decisions recommended for adoption by the Council and one recommendation calling for action by the Council.

Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations

74. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council considered draft decision I, entitled "Applications for consultative status and requests for reclassification received from non-governmental organizations".

75. On the proposal of the President, the Council decided to delete the International Centre of Legal Science (Law World Organization) from the list of organizations contained in paragraph (a) of the draft decision and to refer the application of that organization back to the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations for further consideration.

76. At the same meeting, the Council adopted the draft decision, as orally amended. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/106.

Provisional agenda and documentation for the session of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations to be held in 1991

77. At its 8th meeting on 10 May, the Council adopted draft decision II, entitled "Provisional agenda and documentation for the session of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations to be held in 1991". For the final text, see Council decision 1989/107.

Review of quadrennial reports submitted by non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, categories I and II

78. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council adopted draft Decision III, entitled "Review of quadrennial reports submitted by non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, categories I and II". For the final text, see Council decision 1989/108.

Charter of housing rights

79. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council considered the recommendation contained in paragraph 2 of the report of the Committee and decided to consider a question entitled "Charter of housing rights", as proposed by the International Union of Local Authorities, a non-governmental organization in consultative status with the Council, category I, at its second regular session of 1989. 4/ See Council decision 1989/109.

4/ See chap. IV, sect. H.5 above.

Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations

80. At its 8th meeting, on 10 May, the Council took note of the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (E/1989/40 and Corr.1), and in particular of the comments made on its methods of work. See Council decision 1989/110.

L. REQUESTS BY NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS FOR HEARINGS

81. At its 5th meeting, on 2 May, on the recommendation of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (E/1989/71), the Council approved requests made by non-governmental organizations to be heard by the Council at its first regular session of 1989. See Council decision 1989/161.

82. At its 21st meeting, on 7 July, the Council considered a note by the Secretariat on requests made by non-governmental organizations to be heard by the Council at its second regular session of 1989 (E/1989/124) and approved those requests. See Council decision 1989/163.

M. PARTICIPATION OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS IN THE WORK OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

83. At its 34th meeting, on 24 July, the Council adopted a draft decision (E/1989/L.37) proposed by the President on behalf of the members of the Bureau, by which it decided, in accordance with rule 79 of the rules of procedure of the Council, that the Arab Security Studies and Training Center and the Customs Co-operation Council might participate on an ad hoc basis in the work of the Council. For the final text, see Council decision 1989/165.